# PHASE 1 - LAND USE PLAN UPDATE\* IMPLEMENTATION

TRANSIT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT (TOD) DISTRICT AND ZONING PLAN LAND USE PLAN WAS ADOPTED FEBRUARY 2021

MARCH 28, 2023 | TOWN COUNCIL WORKSHOP



# Agenda

- Project Update
- Study Area Considerations
- Site Plan Development
- Design Principles
- Feedback Developer Listening Sessions
- Next Steps

# PROJECT UPDATE

# Planning Process

Phase 1 - Design Typology and Redevelopment Plan

Step 1: Project Kick-off and Up-Front Public Engagement

Step 2: Design Typology Toolkit

Step 3: TOD Redevelopment Plan & Visualizations

Step 4: TOD Regulatory Strategies Framework and Full UDO Update Preliminary Recommendations

Phase 2 – TOD Zoning District Standards

Step 5: Draft TOD Zoning District Standards

Step 6: TOD Zoning District Adoption

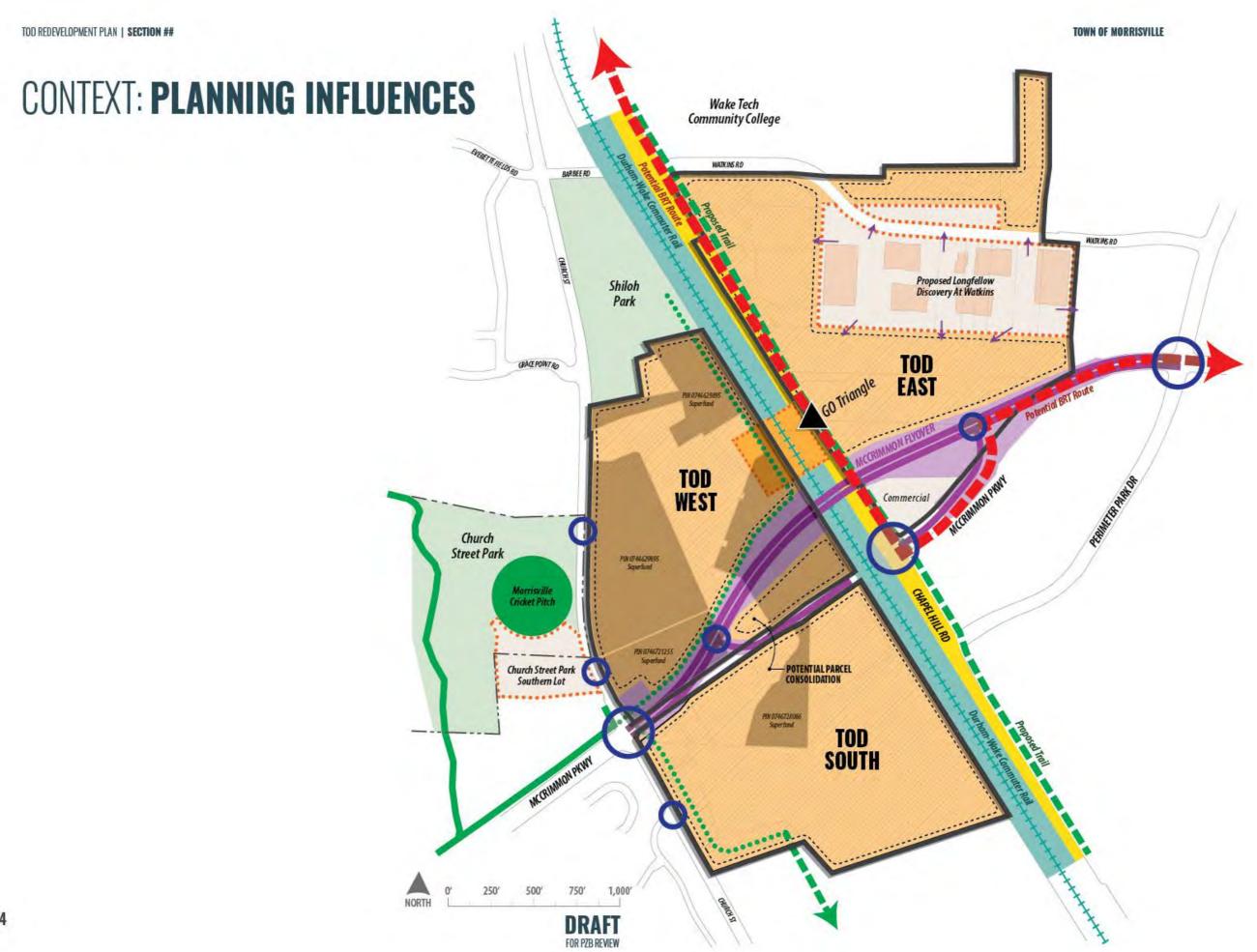
# STUDY AREA CONSIDERATIONS

# TOD AREAS

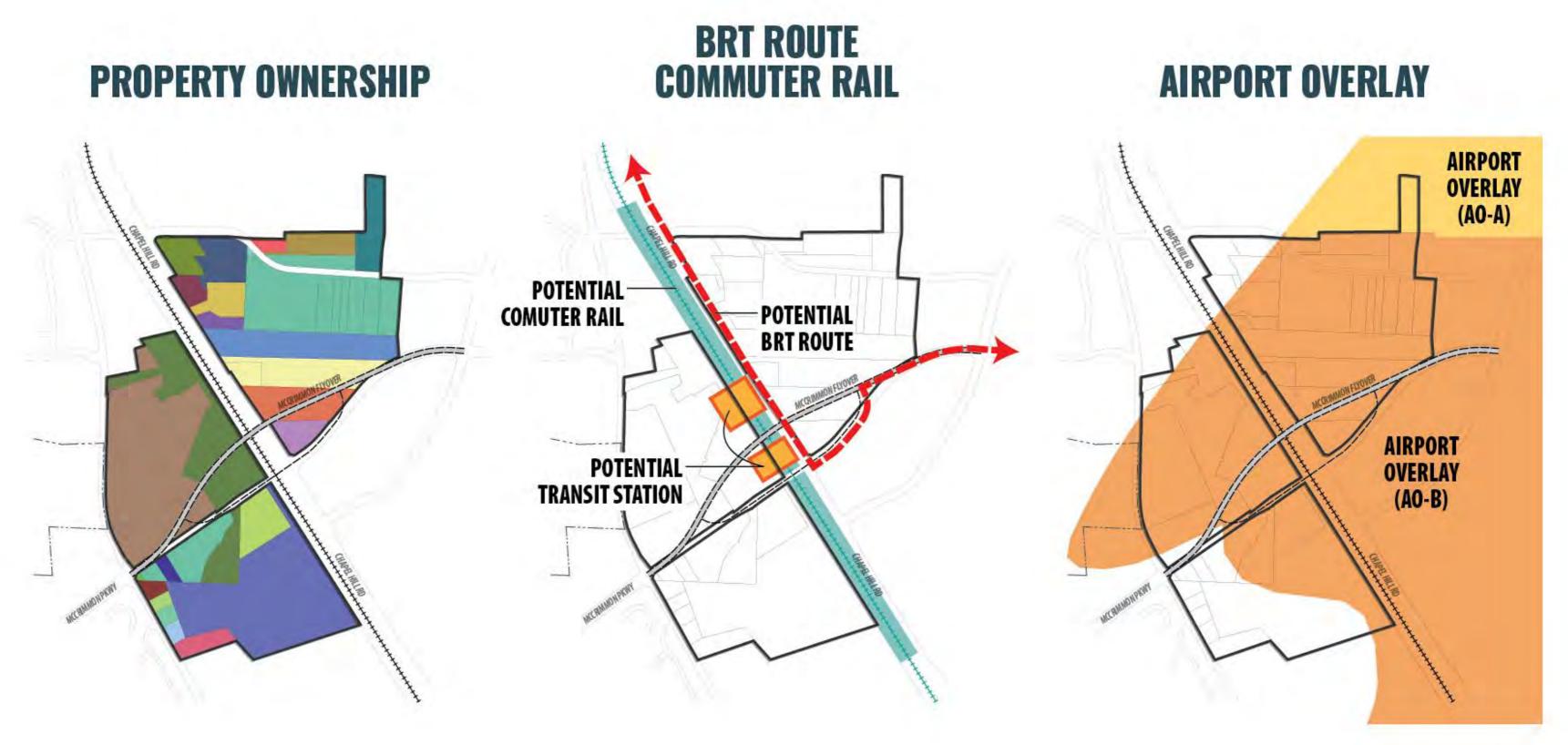


#### CONTEXT: STUDY AREA





## CONTEXT: REDEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS



## CONTEXT: REDEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITY AREAS



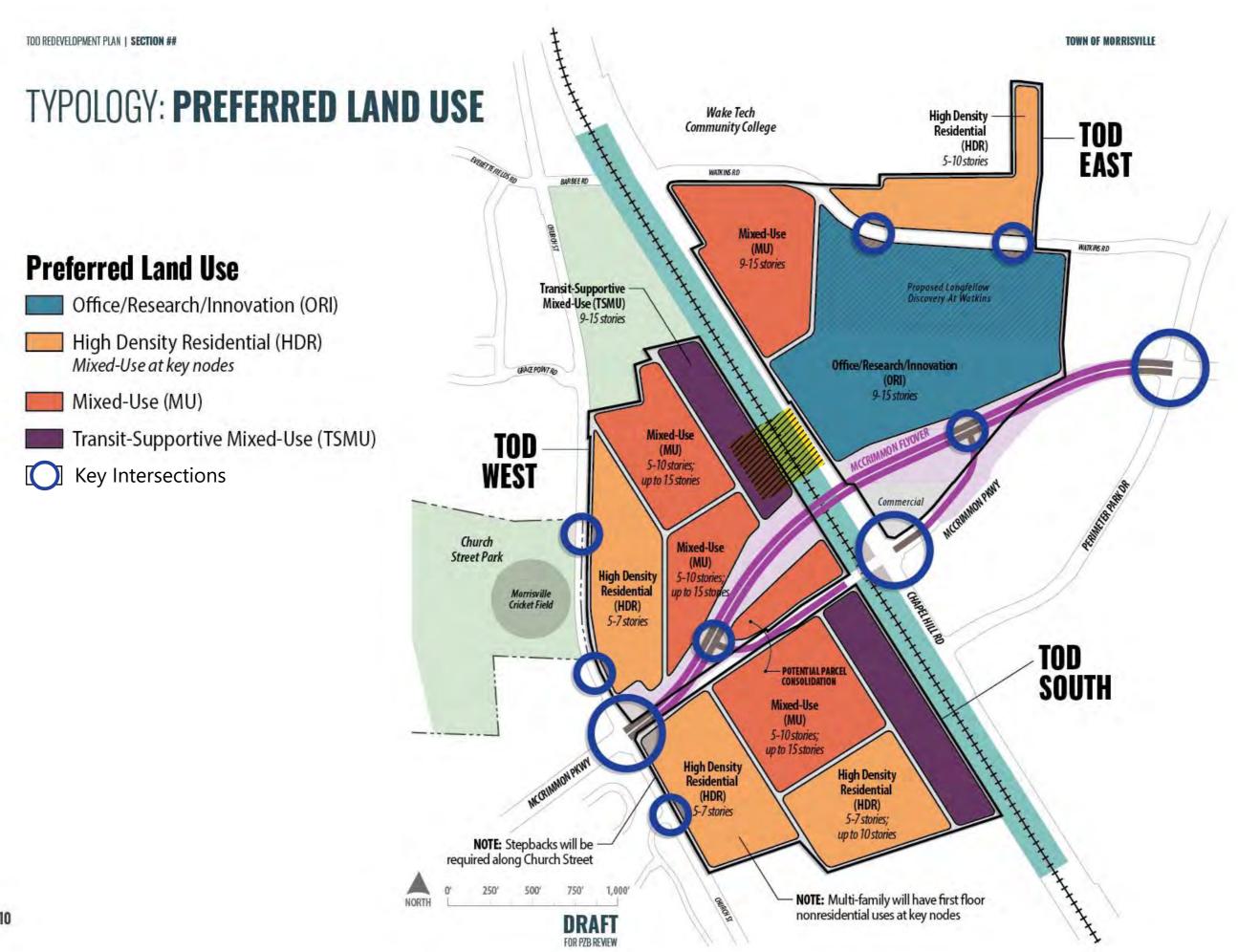
# SITE PLAN DEVELOPMENT

# Places Identified by PZB and Town Council

- Grace Park, Morrisville
- Park West Village, Morrisville
- ParkSide Hwy. 55
- Suwanee, Georgia
- Spark and Stitch Rendering (modernistic design elements)
- Jeremiah Street, Morrisville
- Centregreen Plaza, Cary
- Midtown Park, Raleigh
- Candour House Apts (Page and Slater Road)
- Brightleaf District in Durham
- Downtown Cary
- Moore Square, Downtown Raleigh

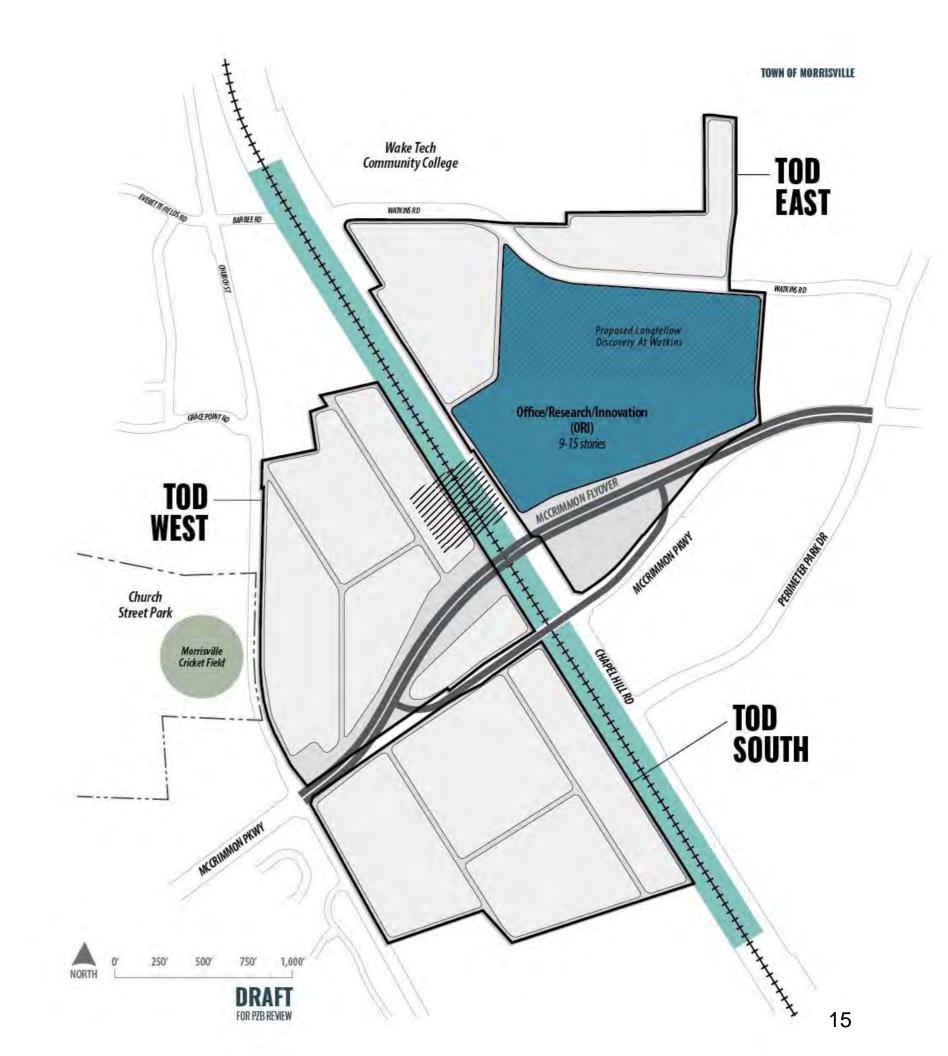
- Meadowmont in Chapel Hill
- Southern Village in Chapel Hill
- Birkdale Village in Huntersville NC
- Breckenridge
- Lake shore east, Chicago, II
- Sherman plaza, Davis St., Evanston, IL
- Abocoa, jasper, FL
- Amli, Chicago, IL
- West Harrison, NY Lake St.
- North Hills
- Arlington, VA Glebe Road and 7th
- Singapore Orchard Road (sorry outside U.S.)

# PREFERRED LAND USE



#### Office/Research/Innovation

- Office, Research, and Innovation includes a broad spectrum of local and regional employment centers in high quality and desirable environments.
- Office, Research, and Innovation uses should support local employment opportunities within Morrisville and be well connected to the multimodal network to provide residents access to community services.
- Concentrations of Office, Research, and Innovation uses should incorporate a campus-style site design, with internal pedestrian pathways, ample landscaping, and clear signage of businesses at the entrance.
- Note Office, Research, and Innovation areas should incorporate commercial and service uses at key intersections/nodes.



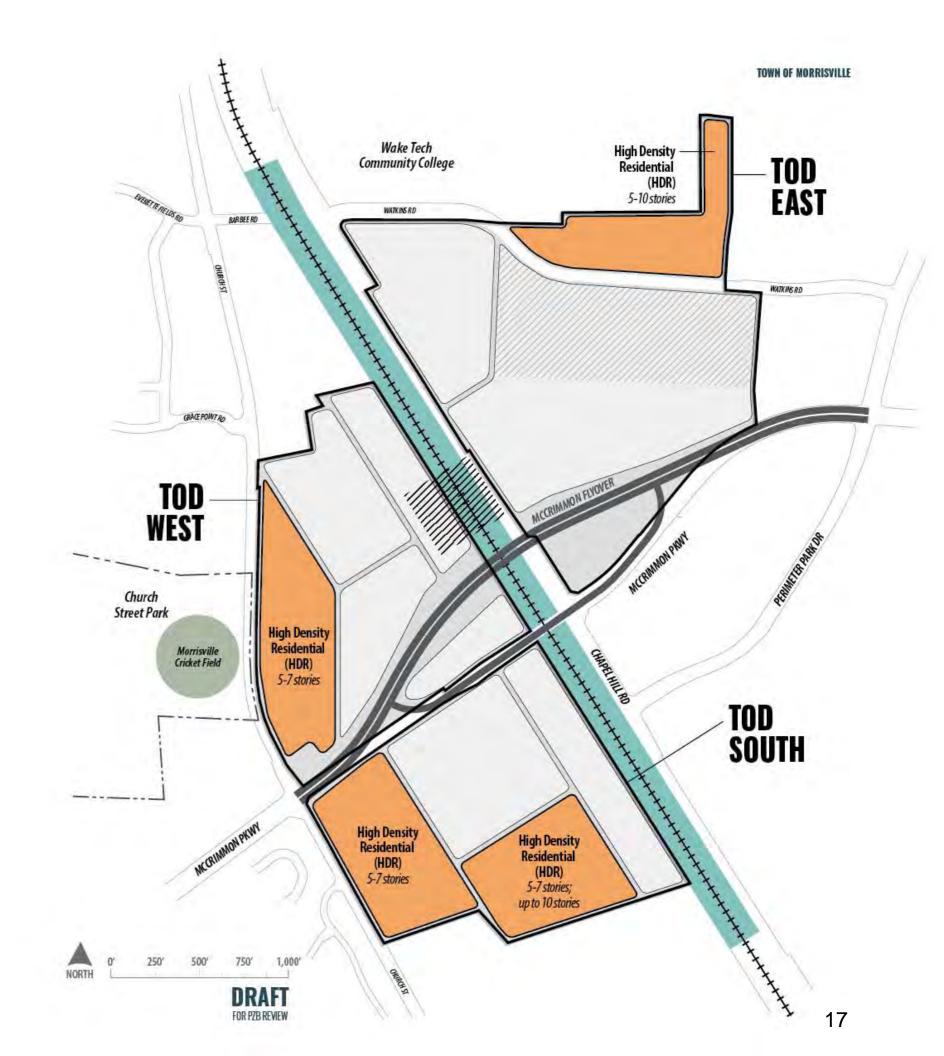
#### Mixed Use

- Mixed-Use buildings are stacked vertically, with retail, restaurant, service, or office space on the ground floor and office or residential uses on the upper floors.
- Higher density residential uses should be integrated into the upper floors of Mixed-Use buildings to increase living options.
- Mixed-Use areas should integrate public gathering spaces that support social interaction and community events.
- Streetscapes in the Mixed-Use areas should be activated with ground-floor commercial businesses and upper-story office uses.



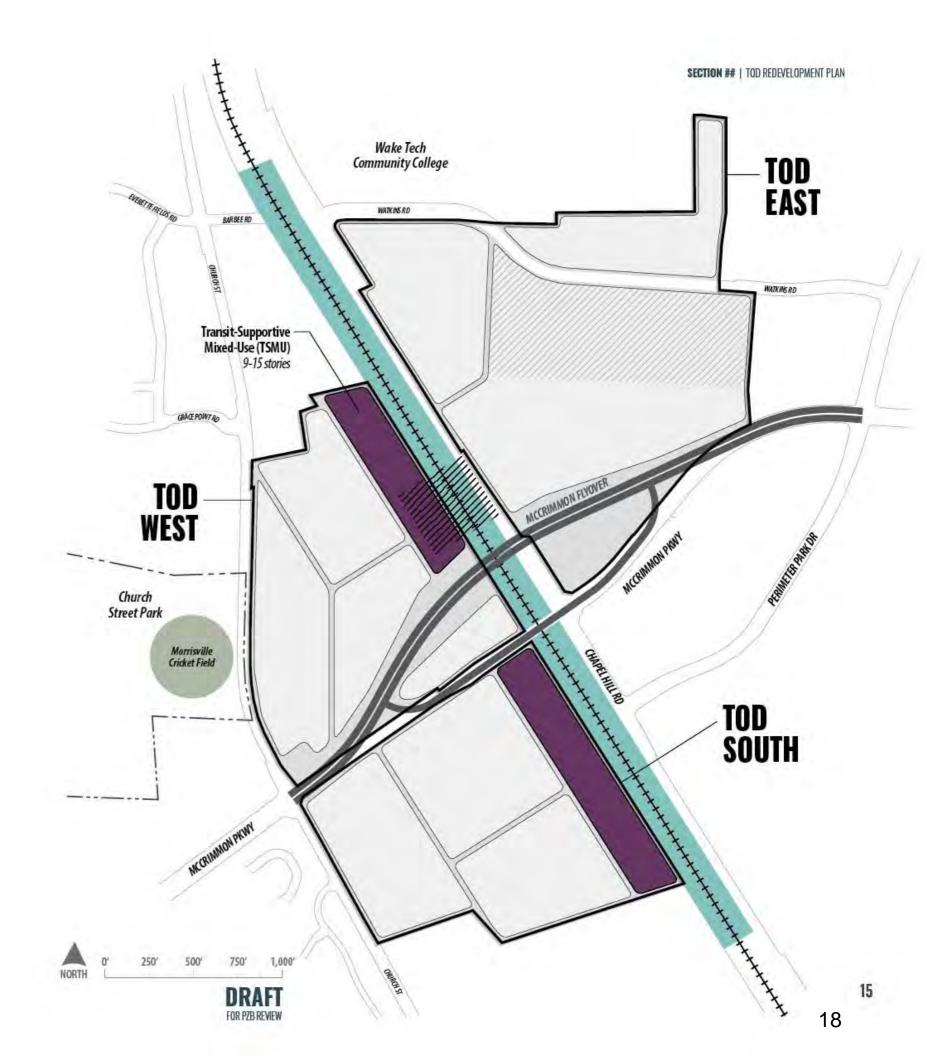
#### High Density Residential

- High Density Residential is intended to provide higher residential density than any other area in the Town.
- High Density Residential is intended to provide a variety of housing options that are critical in serving Morrisville's expanding workforce.
- High Density Residential areas should incorporate pocket and neighborhood-scale parks, public gathering spaces, community gardens, and trails.
- Note High Density Residential areas should incorporate commercial and service uses at key intersections/nodes.



#### Transit-Supportive Mixed-Use

- Transit-Supportive Mixed-Use areas include compact residential areas featuring a variety of higher intensity housing.
- Housing types feature shared building entrances, stairways, hallways, and amenities, with taller building heights and stacked units.
- This preferred land use should provide greater housing variety and density near potential transit areas to allow more residents to live close to amenities.
- This land use should be located along existing and future bus routes and transit hubs to sustainably reduce reliance on vehicles.
- Walkability and bikability should be promoted with wellconnected sidewalks, trails, and bicycle routes, and parking lots located to the rear.



### PZB Discussion

- Generally supportive of
  - proposed uses
  - identified location of uses

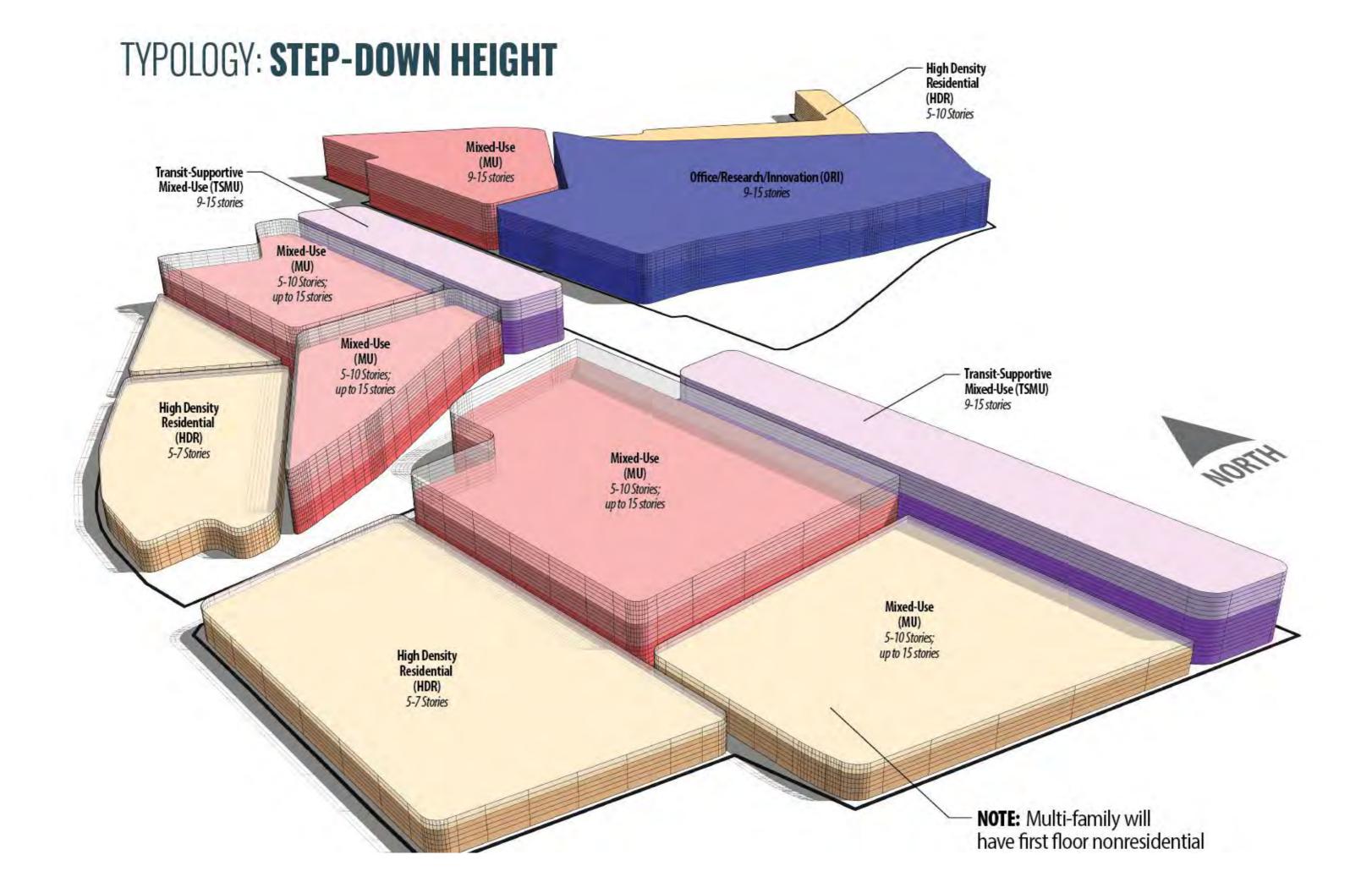


#### TC Discussion

- Does Town Council prefer these land uses?
- Does Town Council agree with the general location of each land use?
- Does Town Council have in mind a specific use which may not be proposed?

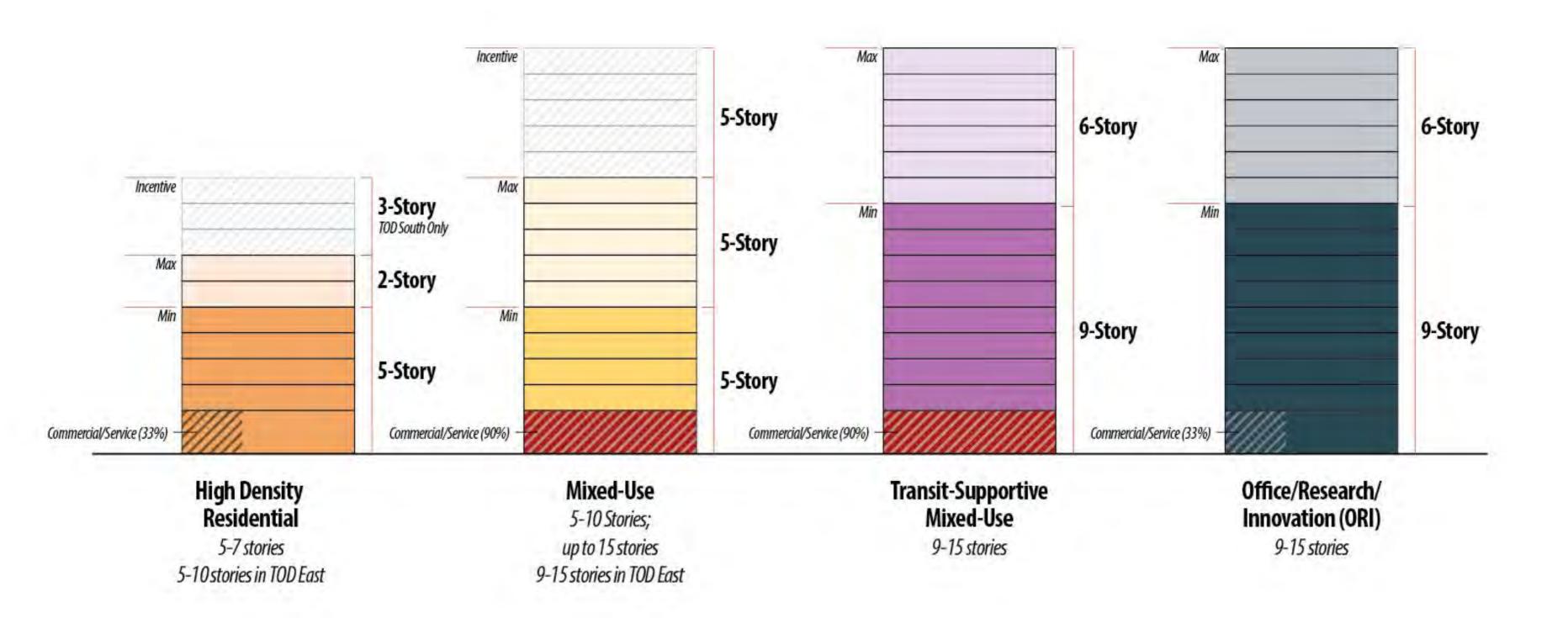


# BUILDING HEIGHT



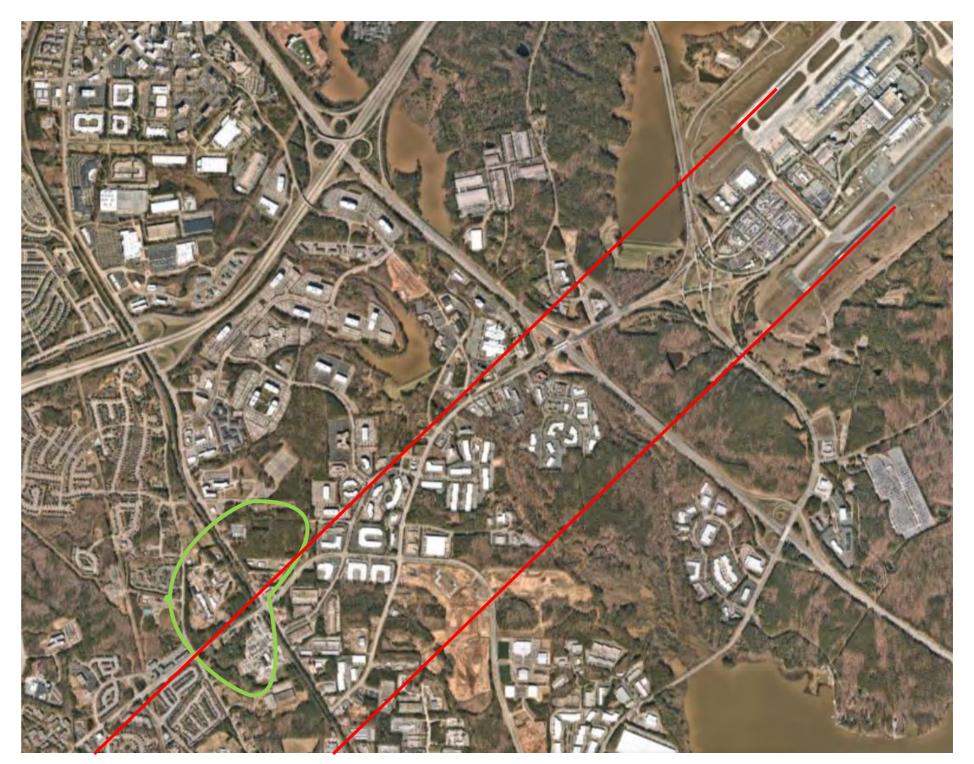
### TYPOLOGY: BUILDINGS

Note: If Town Council supports an incentive-based height allowance approach the details of the incentive(s), such as the provision of affordable housing and/or the use of sustainable design methods, will be further discussed as the text of the code is developed.

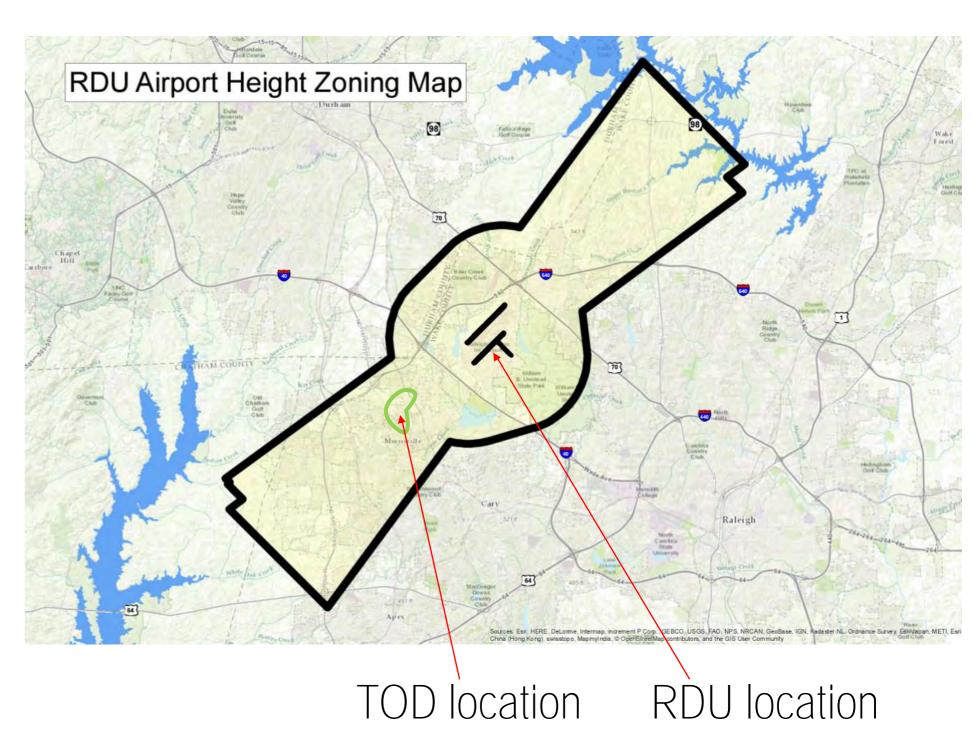


- RDU enforces a height zoning ordinance.
  - Height permit is generally not required for structures less than 75', but this is dependent on how close to the
    airport a development site is located.
  - The closest section of the TOD is ~12,350' from the end of the runway and is located within the Precision Instrument Runway Approach Zone, which extends 50,000' from the edge of the runway. This instrument approach allows aircraft to approach a runway at night or in poor weather.
- Both FAA and RDU review and permit buildings that are proposed within the limits of RDU's height zoning authority. FAA analysis occur first, then RDU conducts their own analysis.
- Review and permitting process covers height, lighting, or other items which may serve as a nuisance to safe flights.

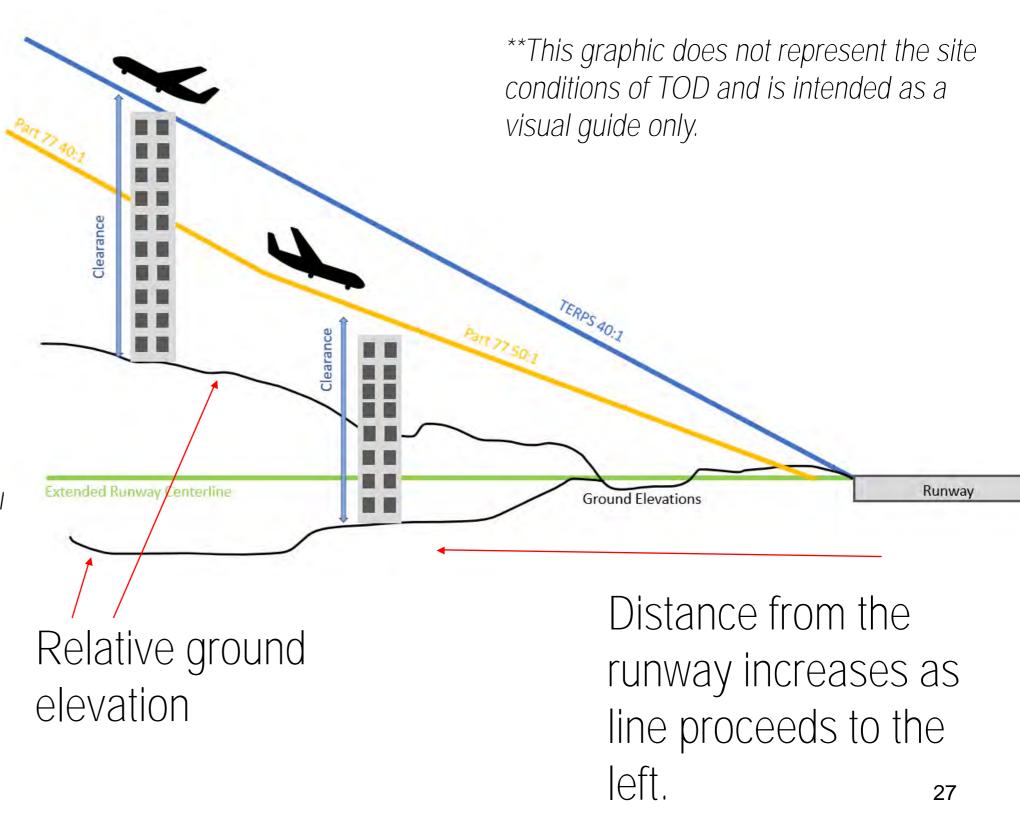
- The TOD is in the center of one of the extended runway centerlines. See the image below.
  - The green circle highlights
     the extent of the TOD.
  - The red lines show the extended runway centerlines, which are the general areas of overflight concentration and the landing approach paths.
- The extended runway
   centerline is expected to
   shift slightly towards the north
   after runway expansion
   is completed.



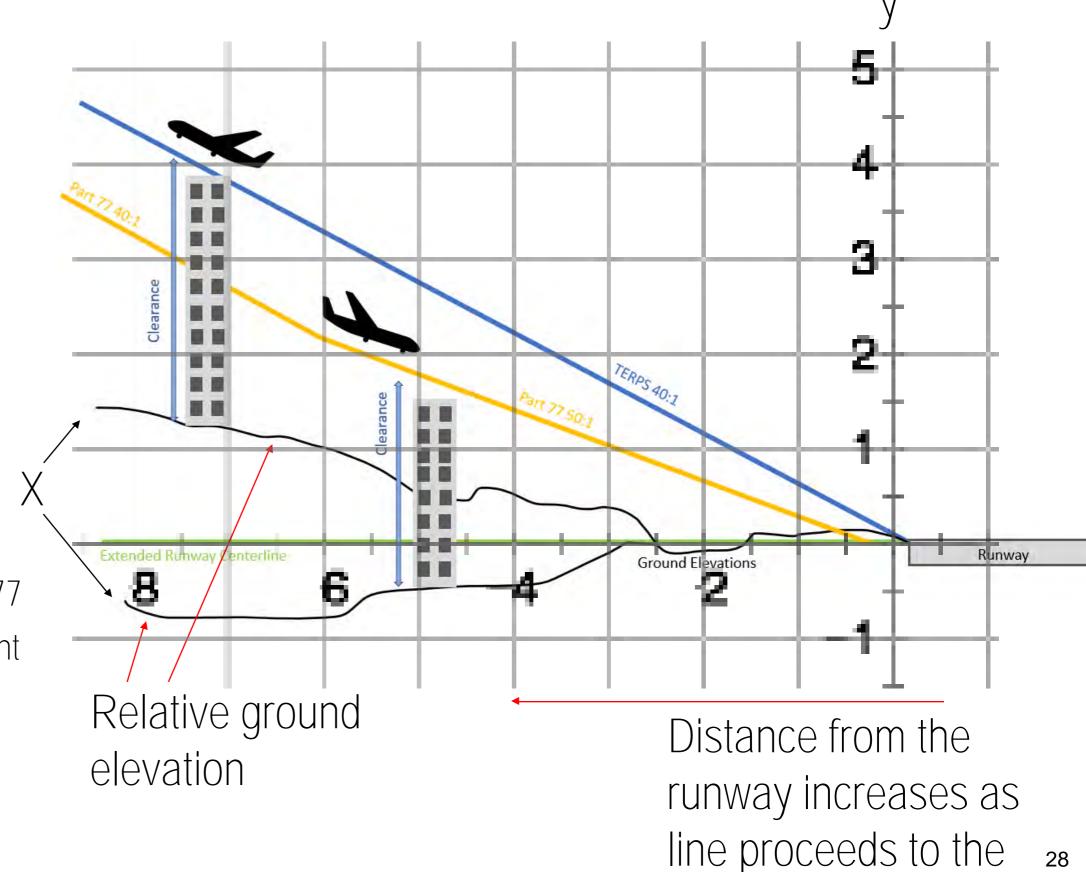
- RDU mainly uses two angled lines to review and issue permits for buildings that are within the airport's height zoning authority (bowtie shape in the image to right).
- Generally, a building can achieve above-average height if:
  - The site is lower in ground elevation relative to the runway.
  - The subject site is further from the runway. Sites located further from the runway may achieve additional height.



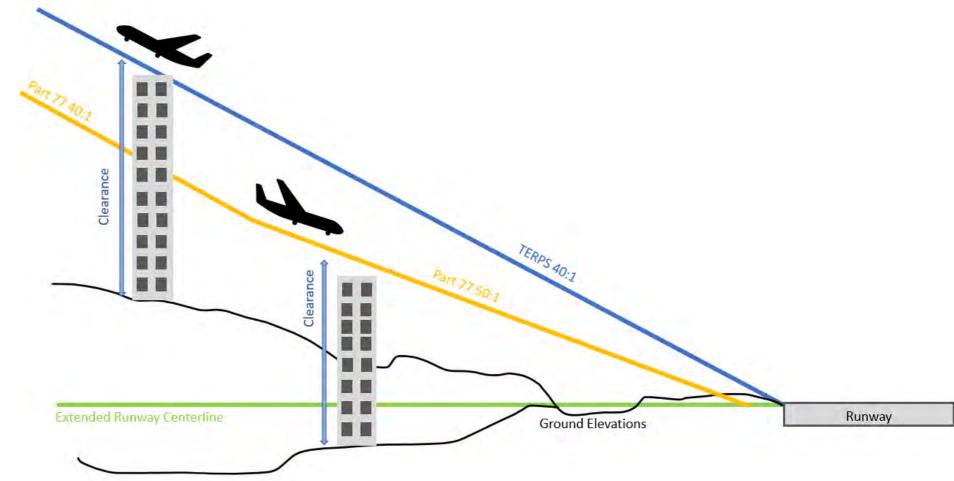
- Two main angled lines are:
  - TERPS (blue line)
    - Angle of takeoff for departing aircraft. A building's height cannot extend above this line.
  - Part 77 (yellow line)
    - Sets standards that are used to determine obstructions to incoming aircraft. The true elevation of descending aircraft depends or weather, visibility, and other hazards/conditions.
    - Buildings may be permitted by RDU and FAA to exceed this line with additional safety precautions.



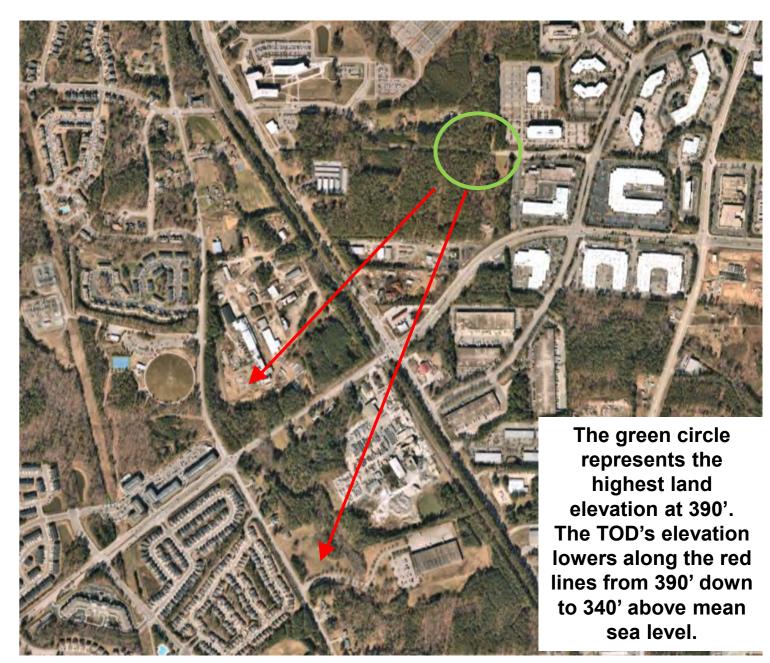
- Picture Part 77 on an x and y axis:
  - X (horizontal plane) increases or decreases based on ground elevation and can be a positive or negative number.
  - Y (vertical plane) increases based on distance from the runway and can only be a positive number.
  - Point in which x and y meet at the Part 77 line will be different for each development site.



- Town staff do not recommend that the Town permit building heights which exceed the Part 77 line.
- The maximum recommended height will likely differ throughout the TOD and will be generally based on the following:
  - Town Council height preferences.
  - The Part 77 line
    - Differs pending site conditions such as ground elevation.
  - Adjacent land uses.
  - Proximity to the railroad or planned transit services.
  - Preferred TOD subarea land use(s).

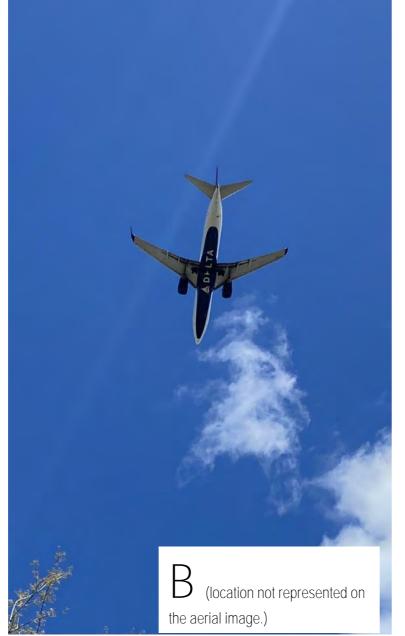


- The northeast corner of the TOD East is the highest ground elevation in the TOD and is ~170' below the Part 77 line according to RDU staff. This calculation is based on the existing ground elevation.
- Due to this, and additional FAA notification requirements, RDU staff recommend a 150' height maximum across the entire TOD zoning district.
- RDU staff request to review all developments given the varying site conditions across the TOD.

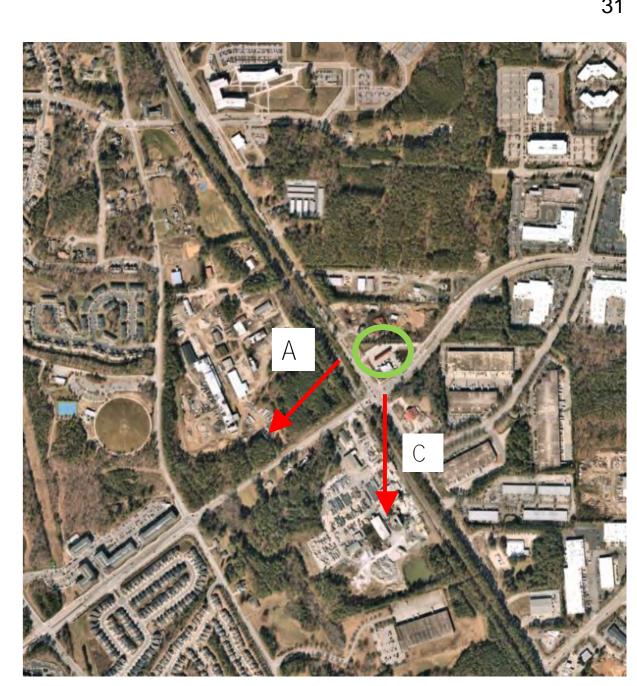


 Staff captured images depicting flights in the airspace near the Sheetz located at 10070 Chapel Hill (circled in green). The red arrows indicate which direction the photographer was facing.





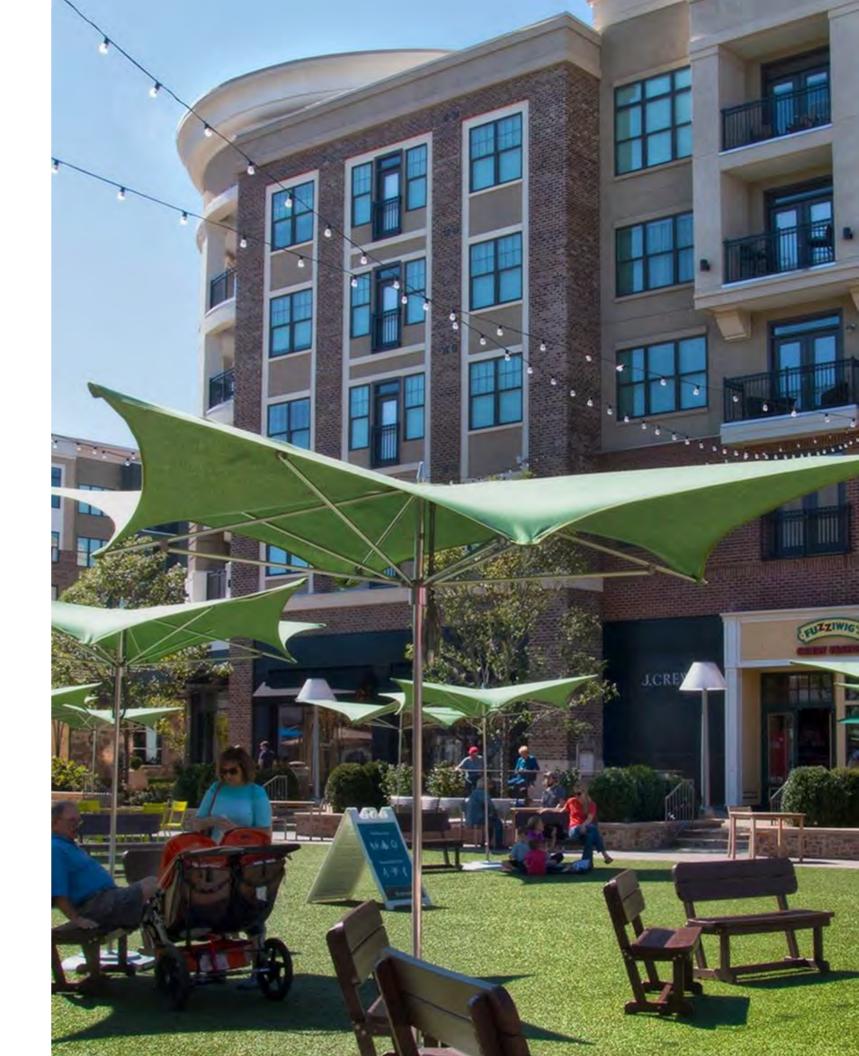




- Town staff are working to identify the height of the Part 77 line across the entire TOD, as the TOD West and South likely allow for taller buildings than the TOD East should the Town prefer heights above 150'.
   Currently, Town staff believe that the height could be significantly higher than 150' prior to reaching the Part 77 line in the TOD West and South.
- 150' equates to a maximum of 8-11 stories, dependent partially on floor height.
  - Ex. Life Science uses are generally 15' floors.
  - Multifamily generally 10' between floors.
- A maximum height of 150' across the entire TOD could impact the Town's ability to build meaningful
  development incentives (ex. Affordable housing) into the ordinance. Staff will continue to evaluate.

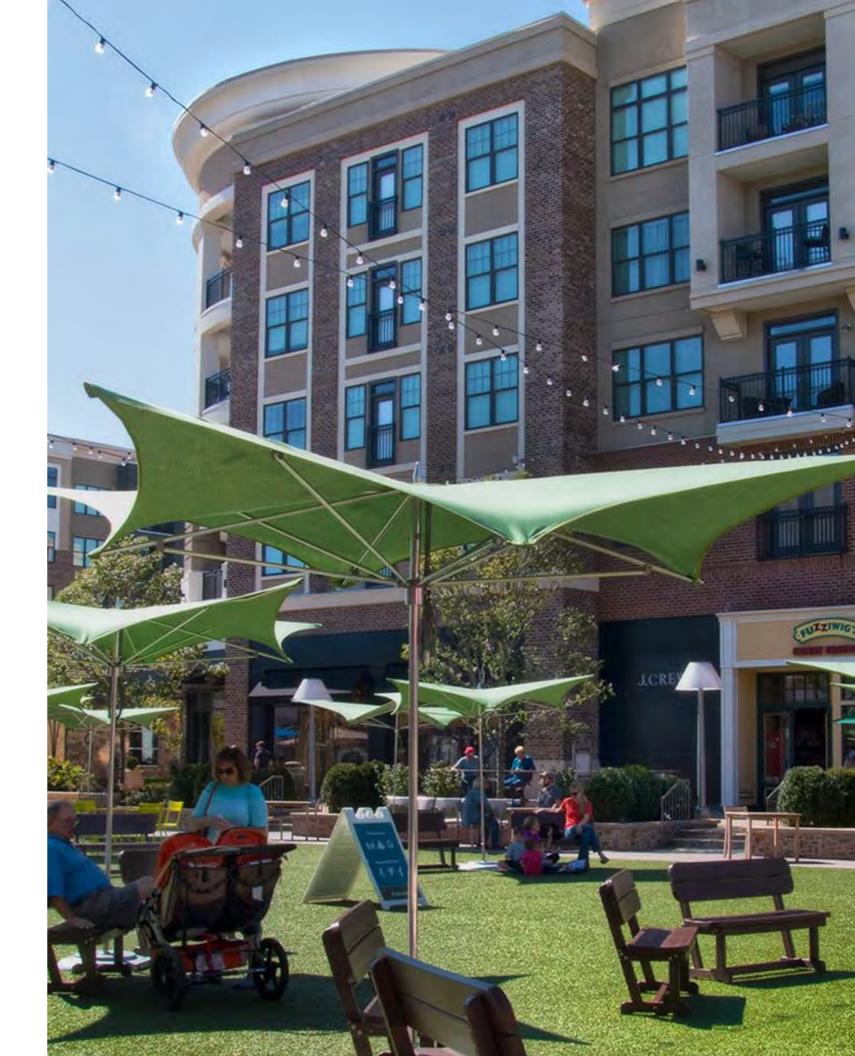
### PZB Discussion

Generally supportive of proposed building heights

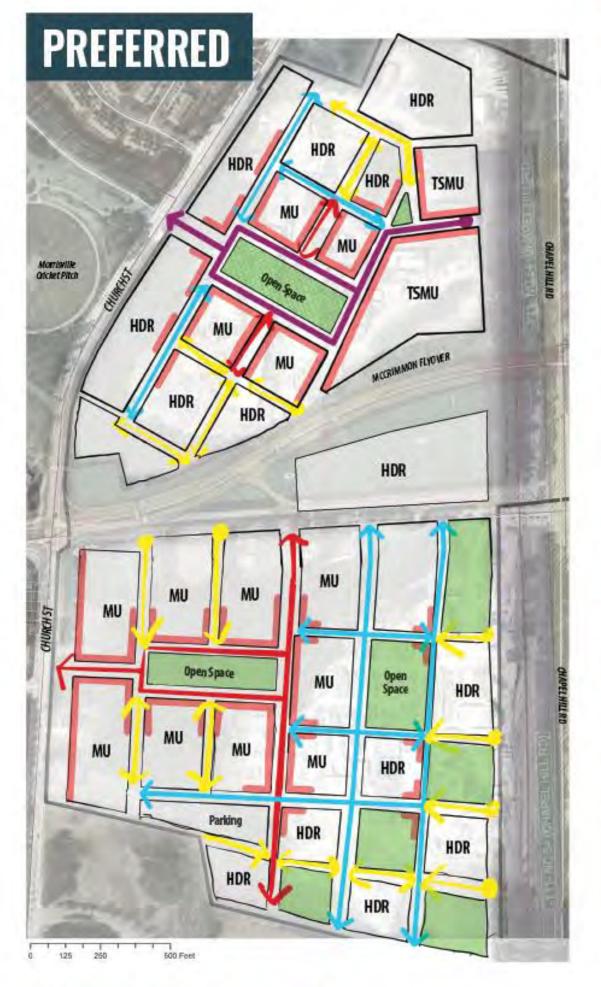


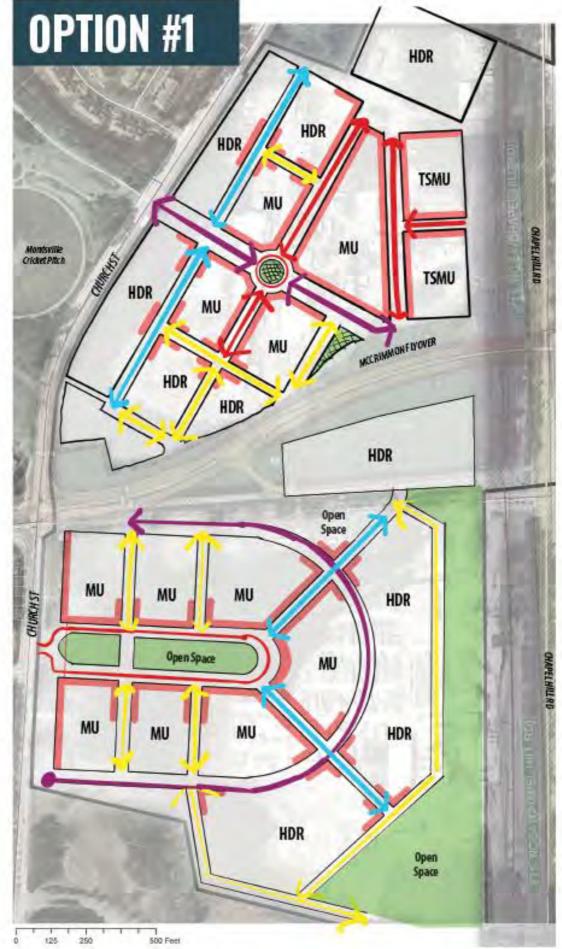
#### TC Discussion

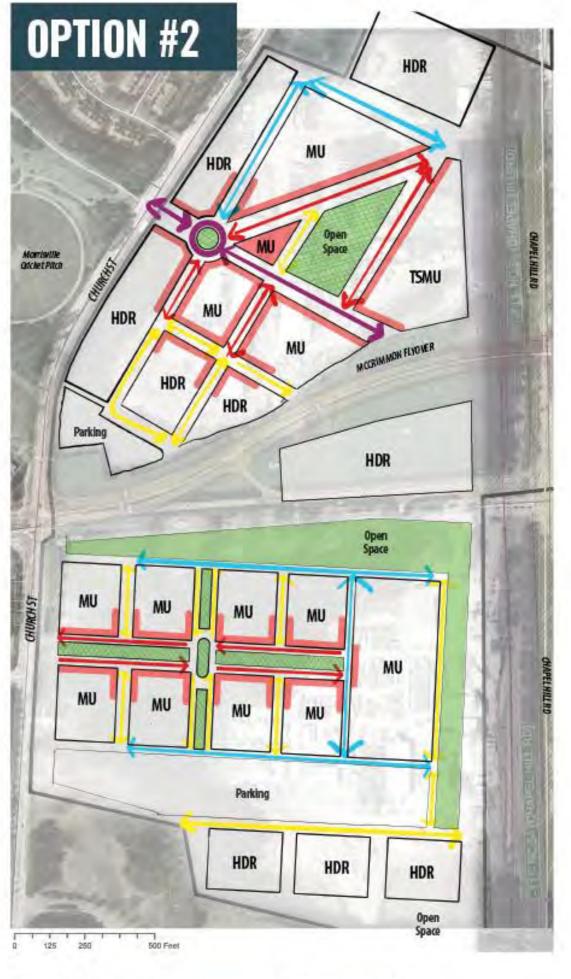
- Is Town Council supportive of the proposed building heights?
  - Too high?
  - Too low?
- Is an incentive-based height allowance the preferred approach, or should the proposed building heights be allowed byright?



# INITIAL SKETCH PLANS





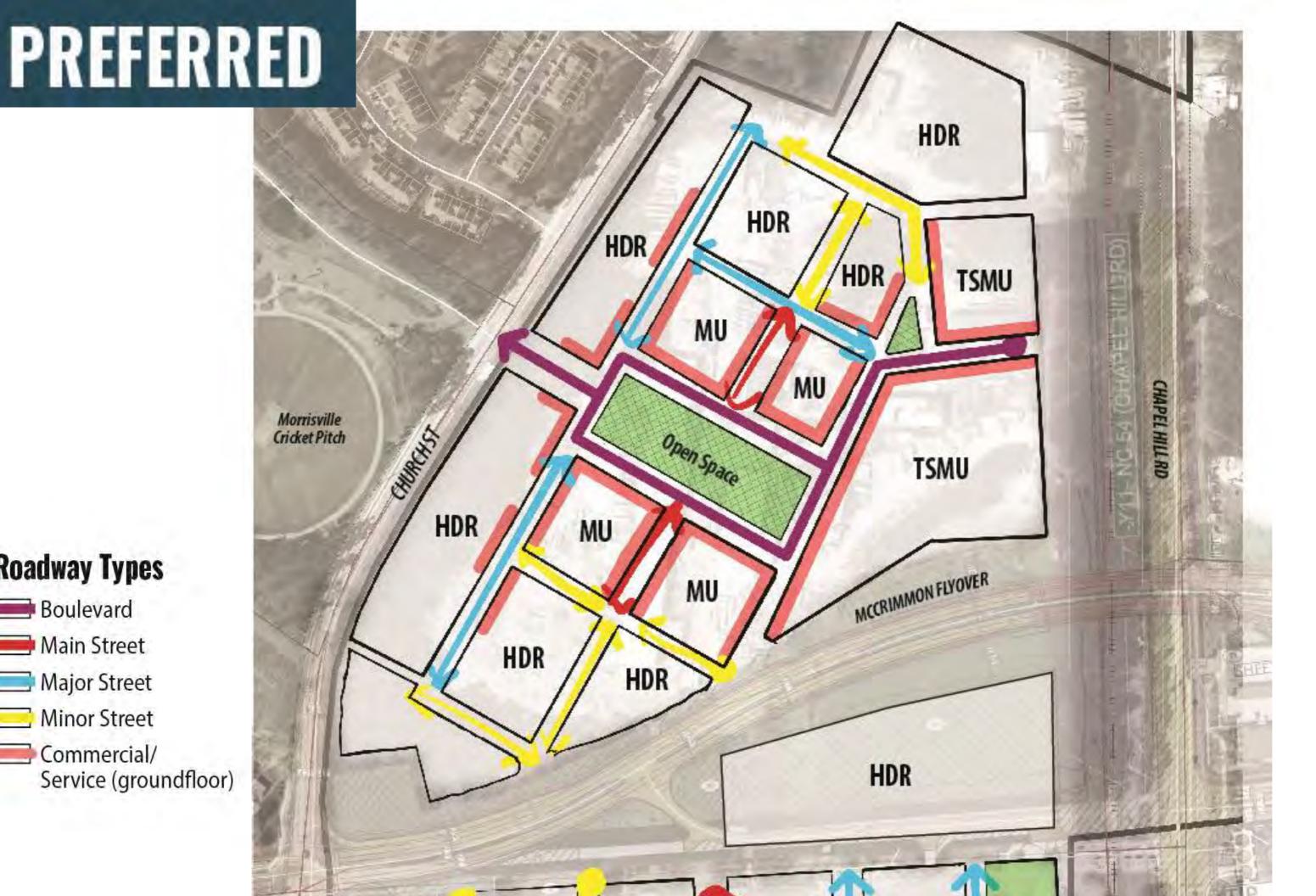


Interlocked Grid - Preferred

Radial - Option #1

Traditional Square – Option #2

## SKETCH PLAN PREFERRED



#### **Roadway Types**

Boulevard

Main Street

Major Street

Minor Street

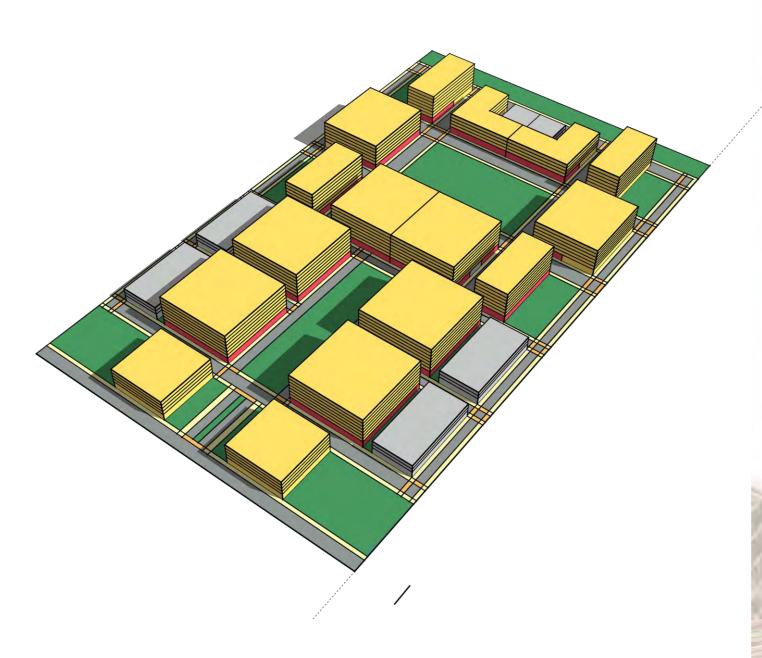
Commercial/ Service (groundfloor)

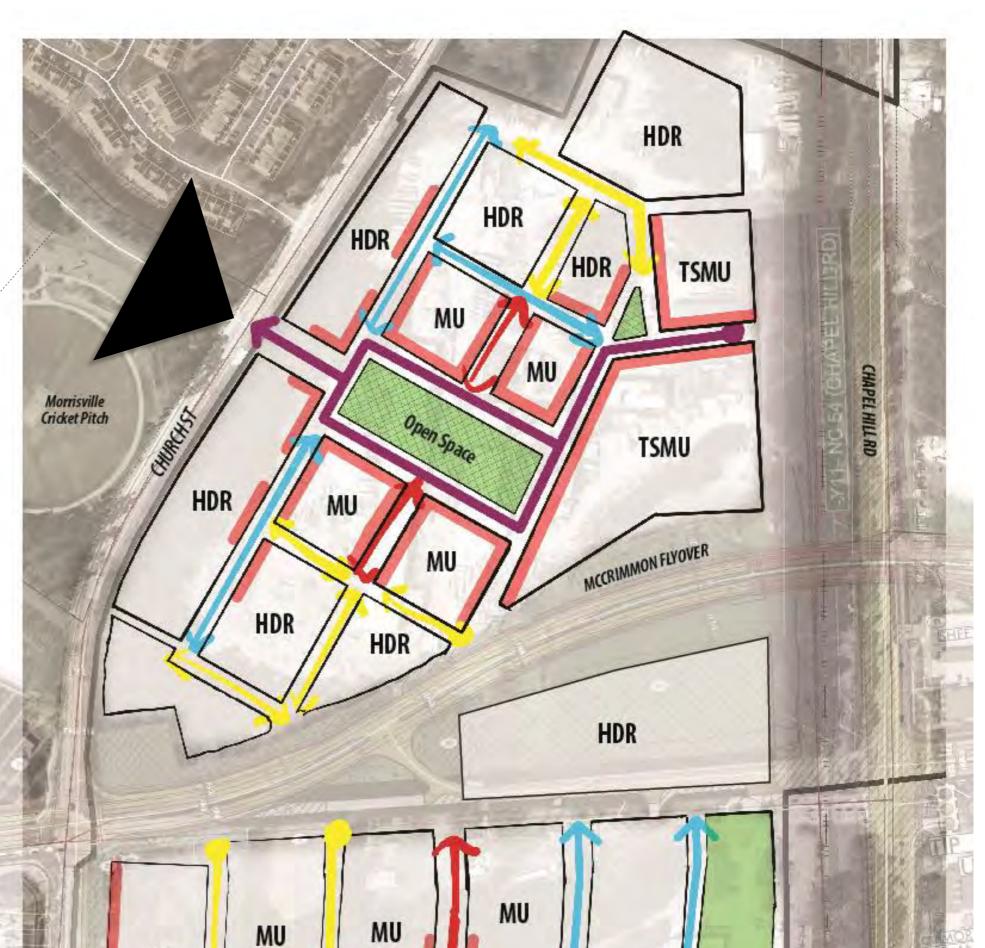




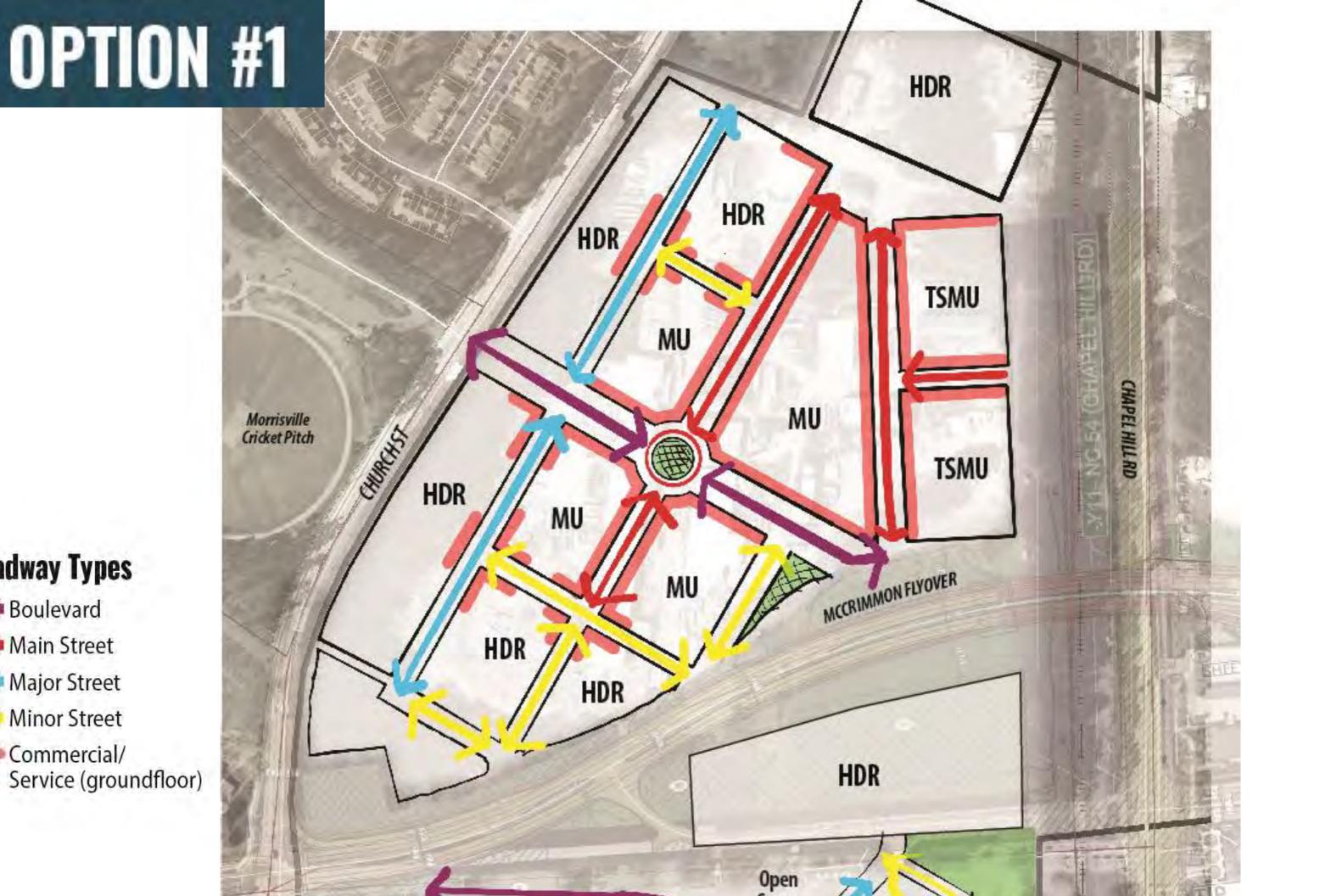


#### Generic Bulk Standard 3D Model





## SKETCH PLAN OPTION #1



**Roadway Types** 

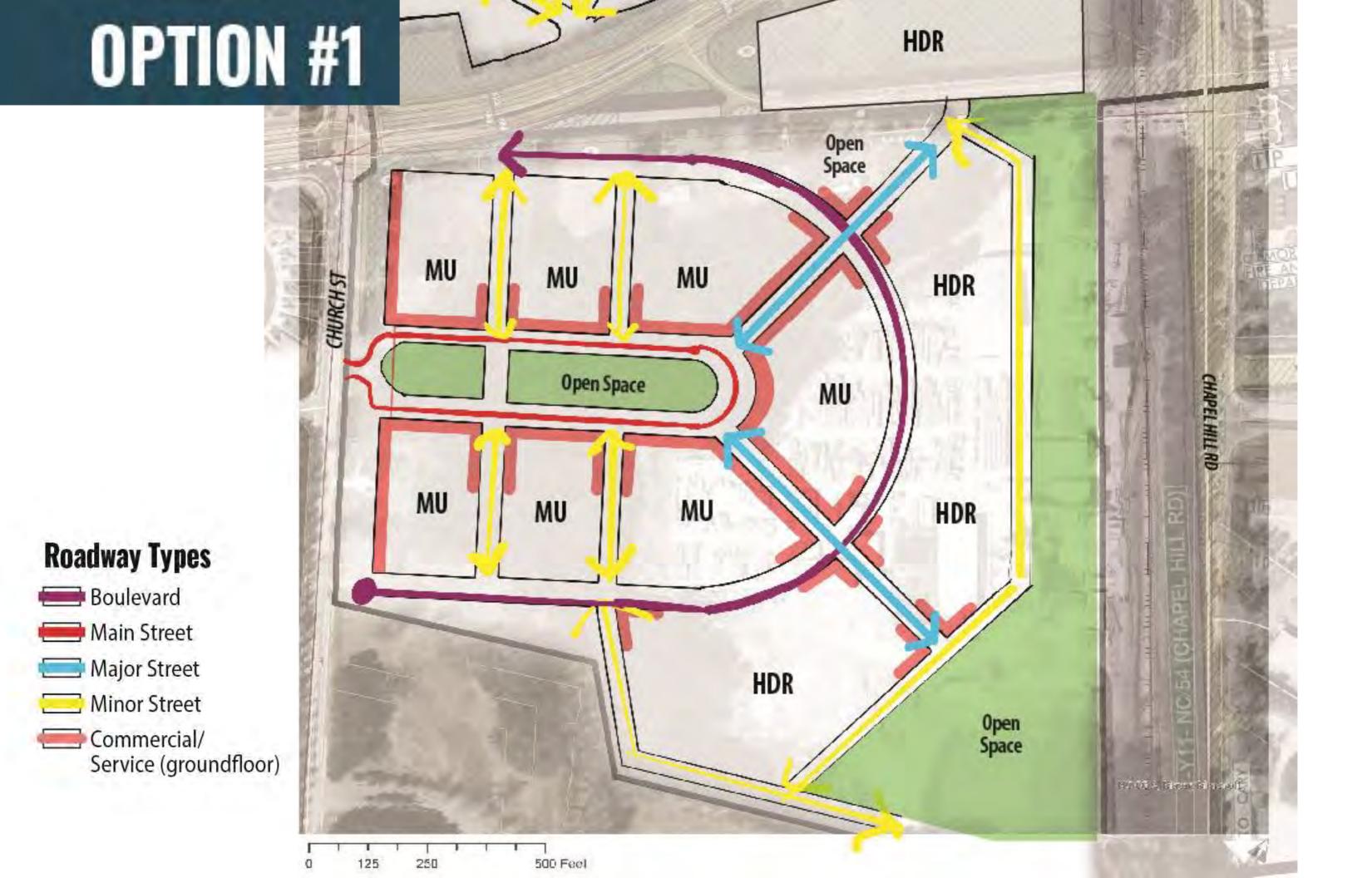
Boulevard

Main Street

Major Street

Minor Street

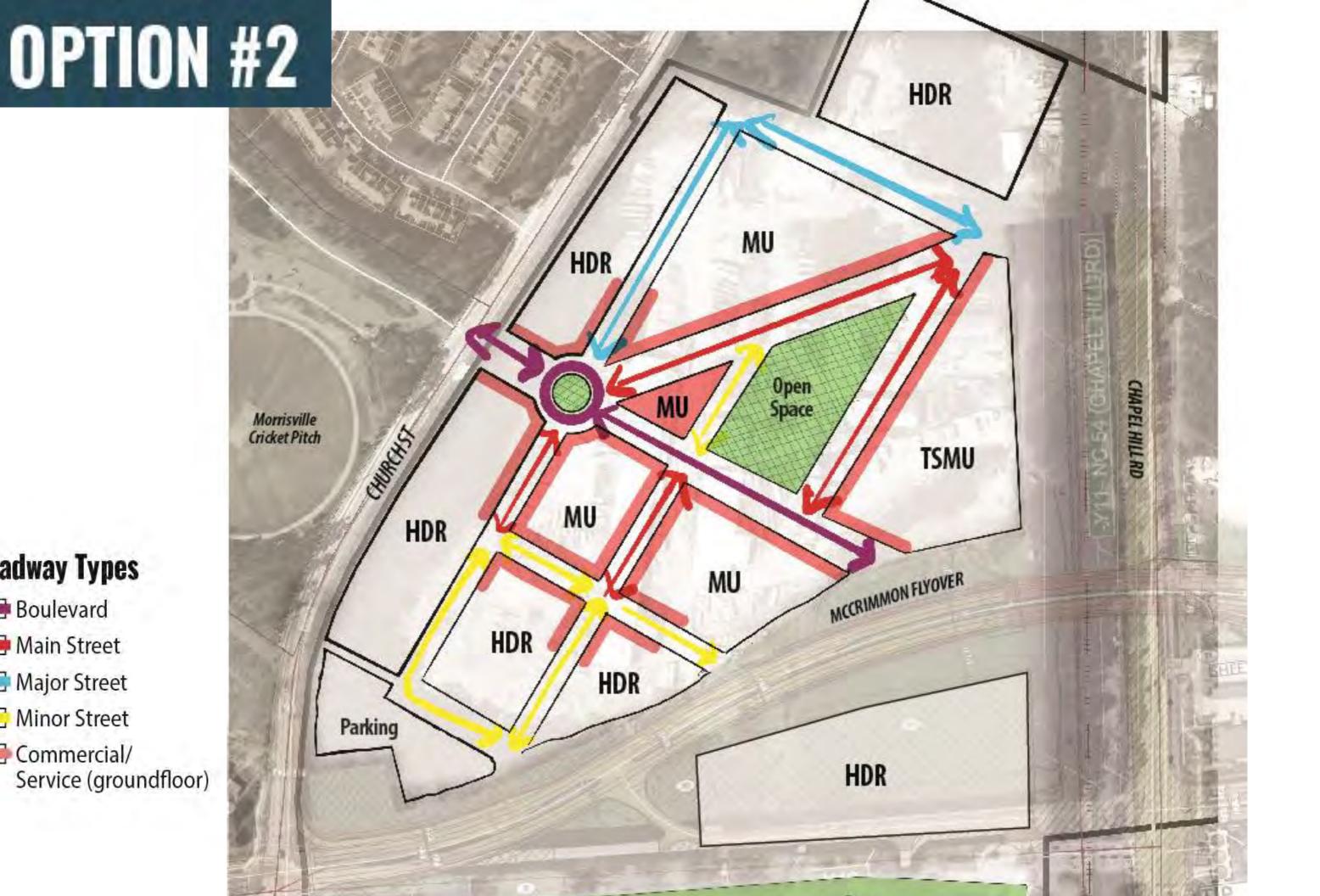
Commercial/







# SKETCH PLAN OPTION #2



**Roadway Types** 

Boulevard

Main Street

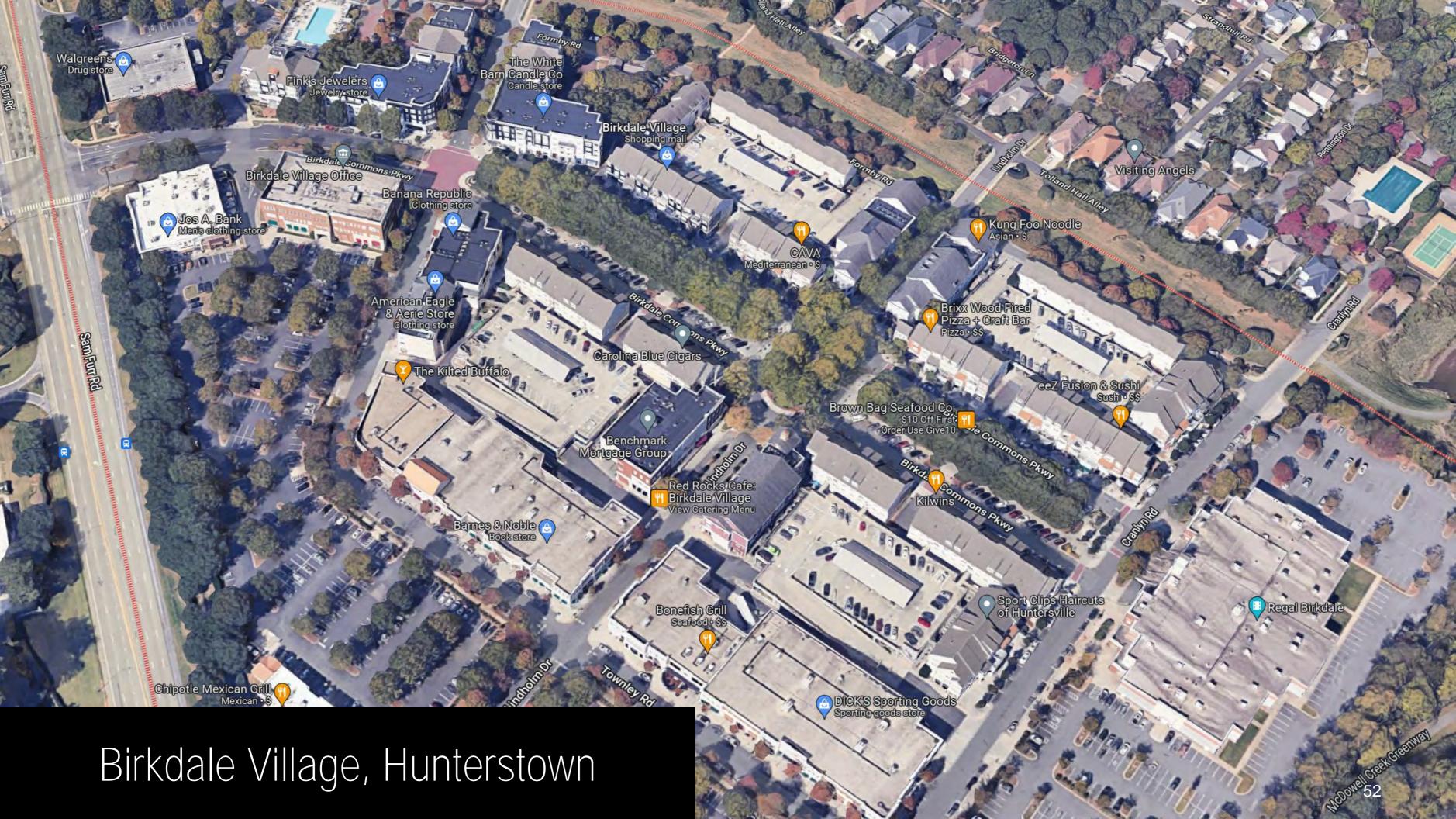
Major Street

Minor Street

Commercial/

#### OPTION #2 HDR 0pen Space MU CHURCHST MU MU MU CHAPEL HILL RD MU MU MU MU MU **Roadway Types** Boulevard Parking Main Street Major Street Minor Street HDR HDR HDR Commercial/ Service (groundfloor) Open Space 125 250 500 Feet





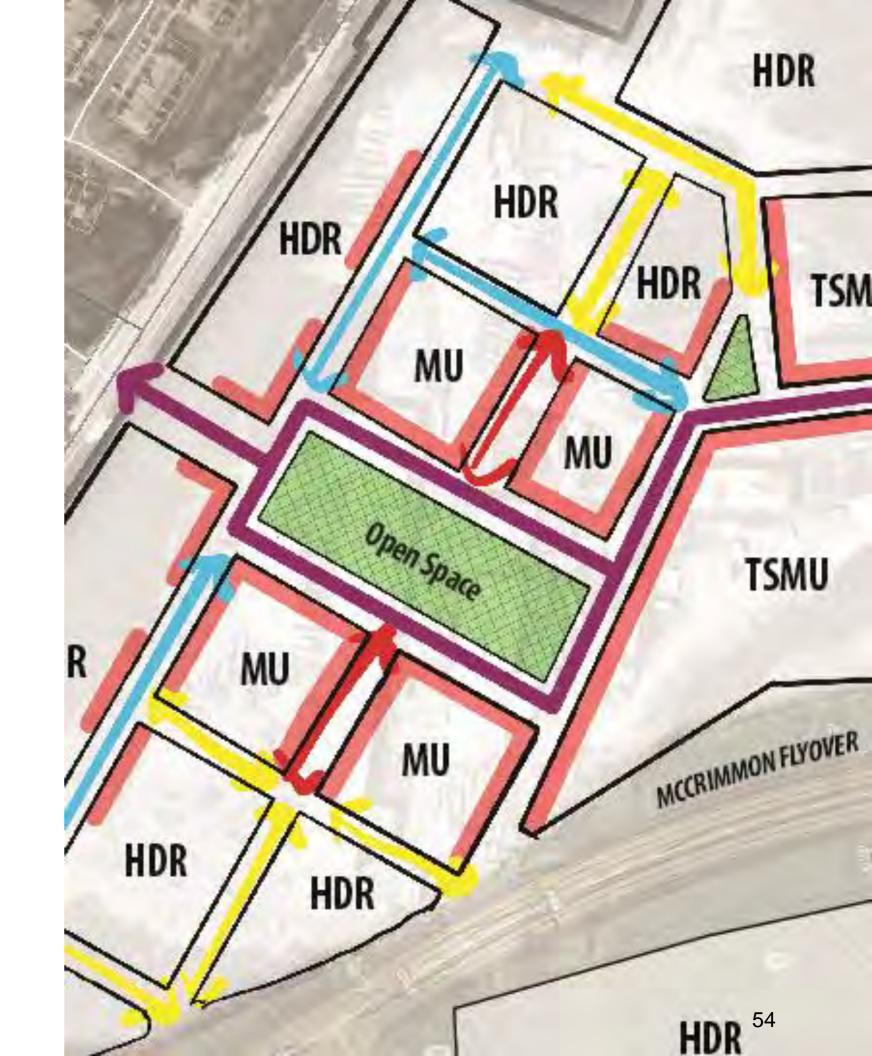
#### PZB Discussion

- Generally supportive of the staff preferred option
- Preferred rectangular blocks over long,
   linear roadways

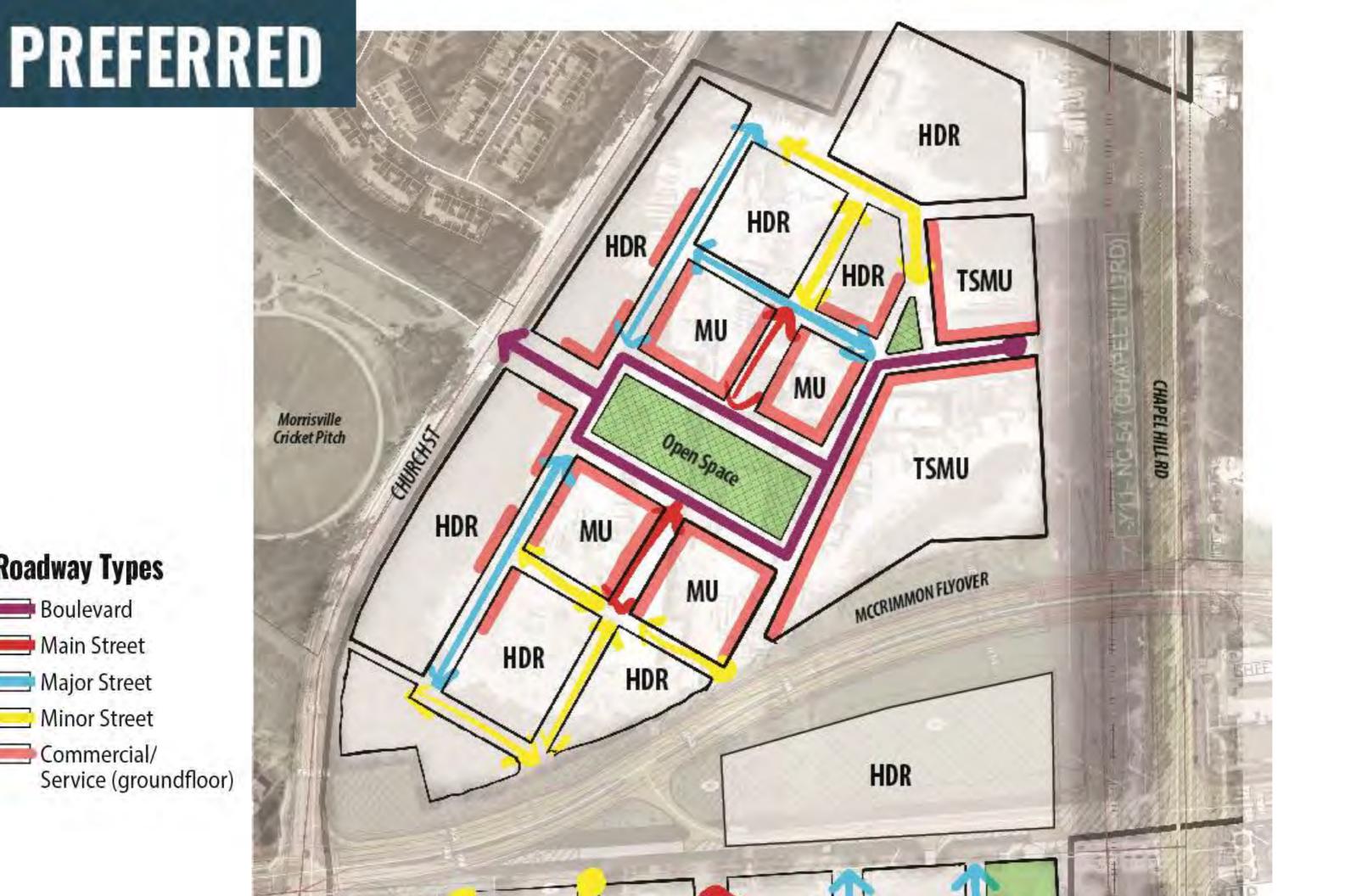


#### TC Discussion

- What do you think about the rectangular block pattern of the preferred sketch plan option?
- Which of the sketch plans is your preferred option?



### ROAD TYPES



**Roadway Types** 

Boulevard

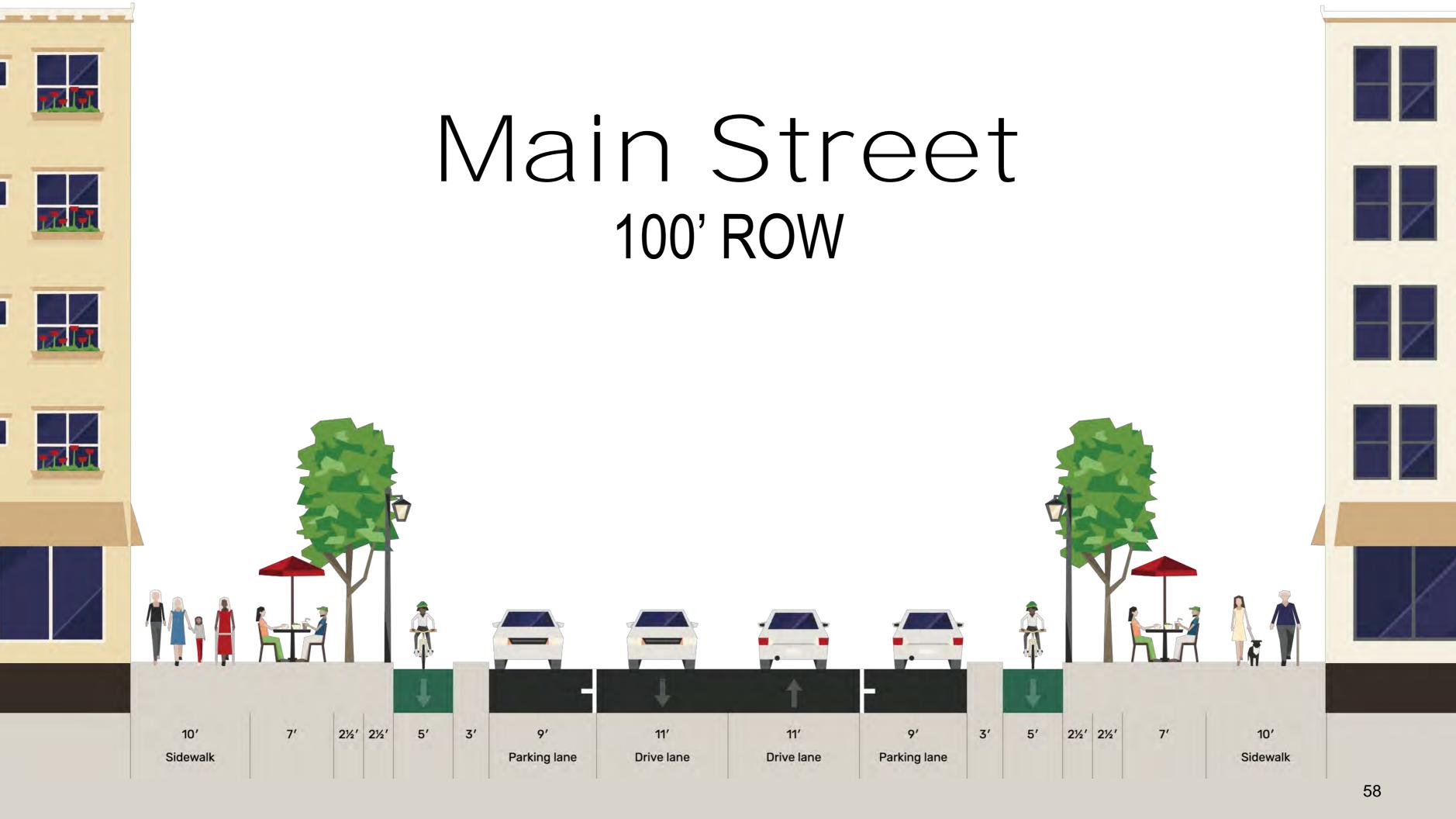
Main Street

Major Street

Minor Street

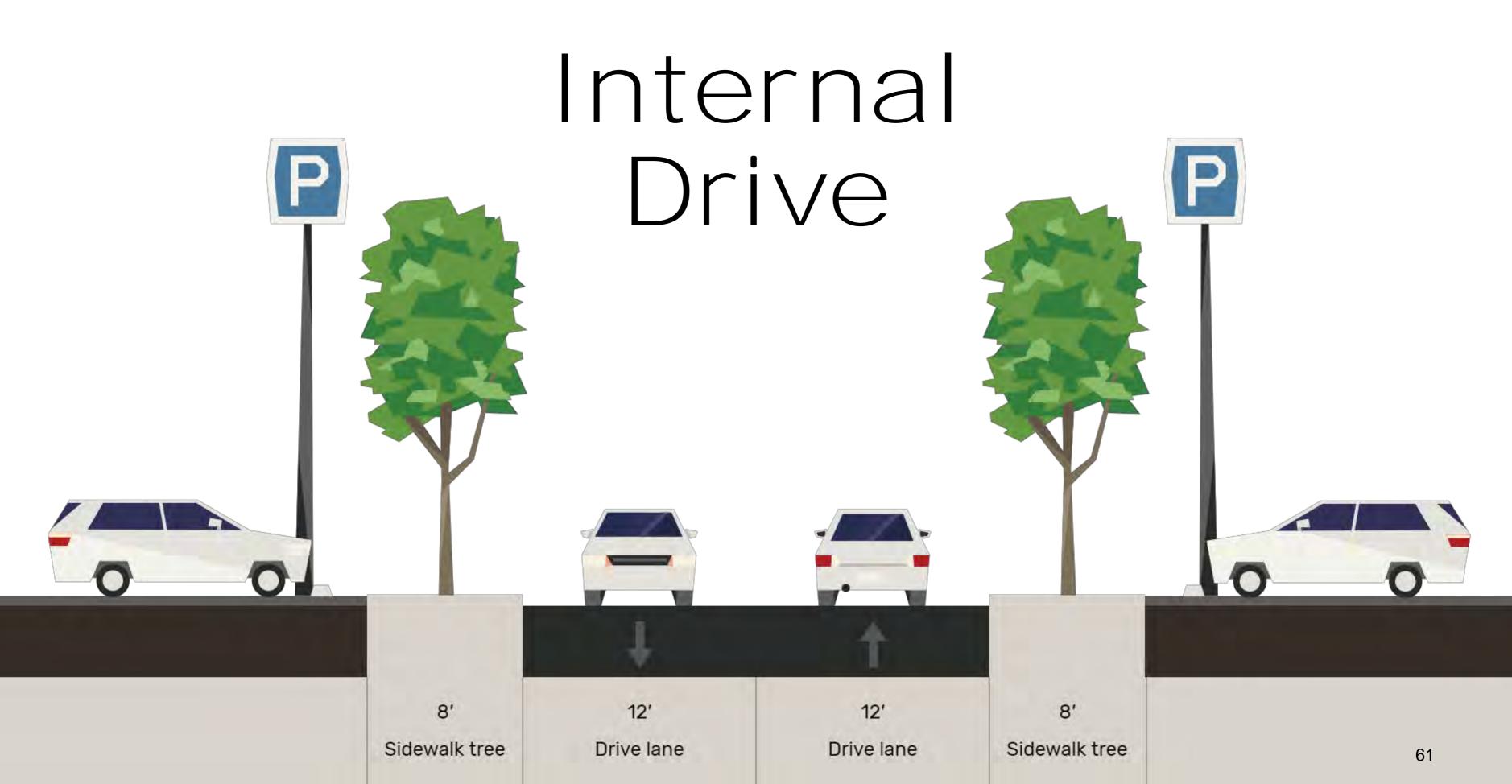
Commercial/

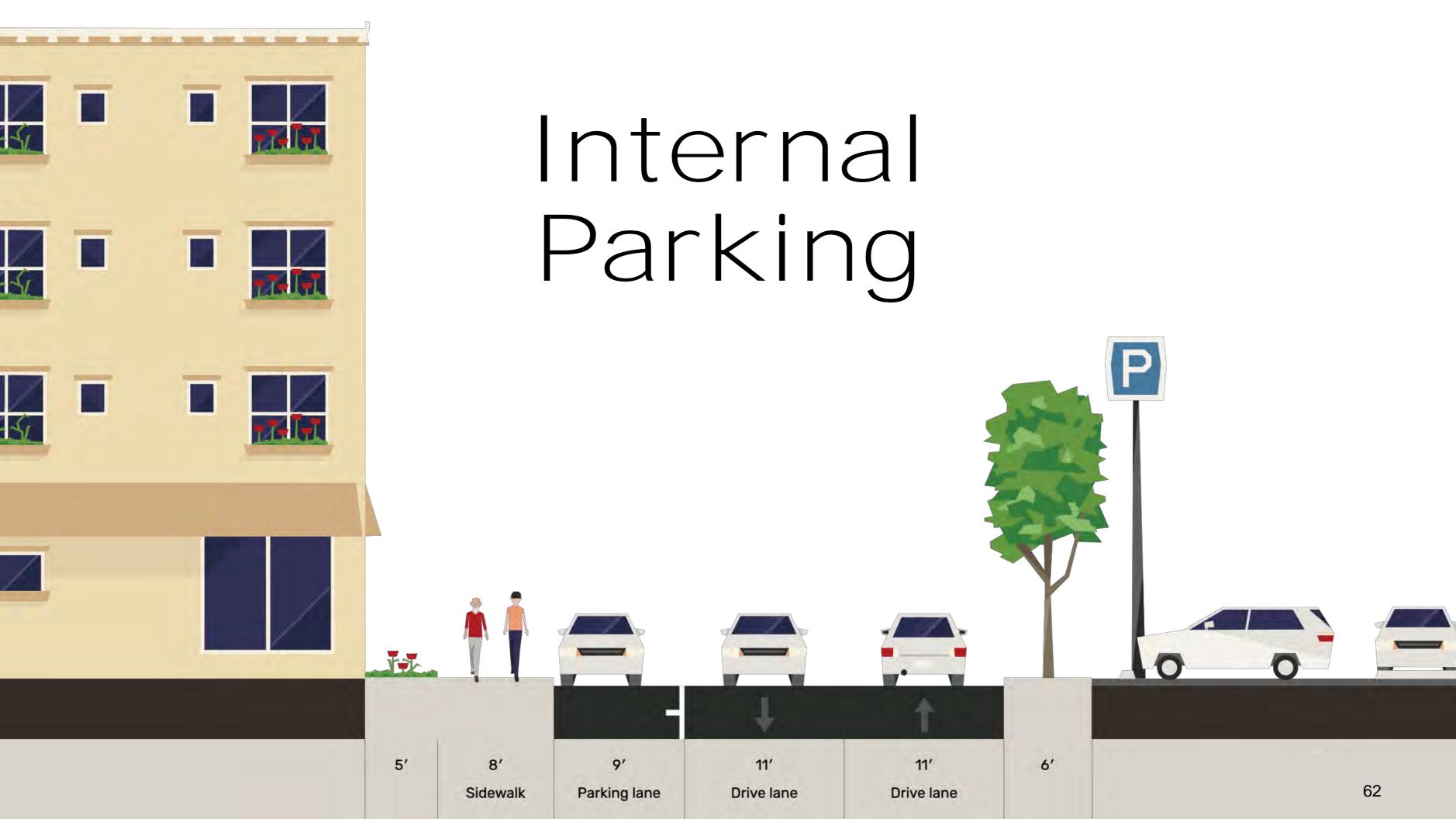
# Boulevard 120' ROW











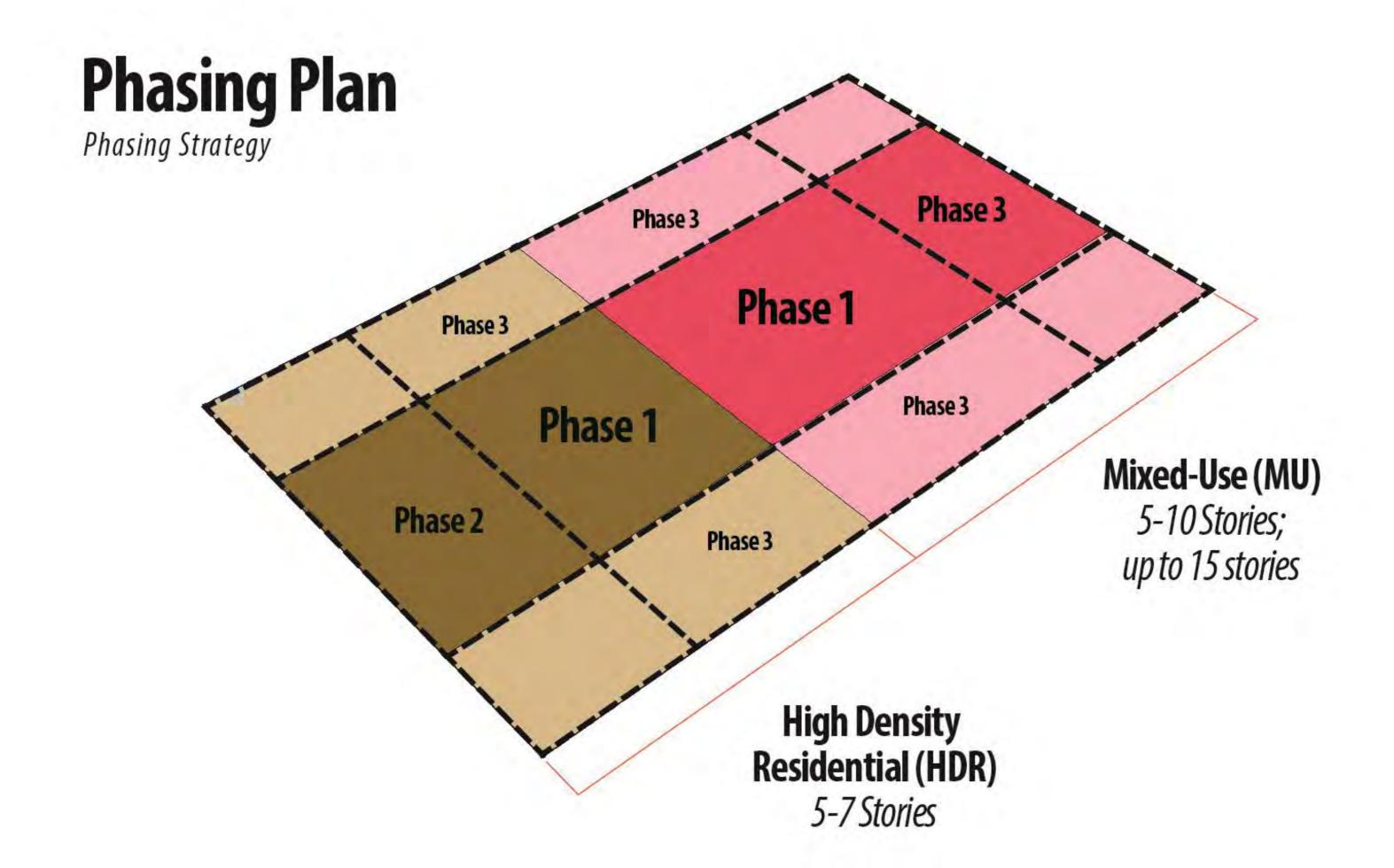
#### PZB Discussion

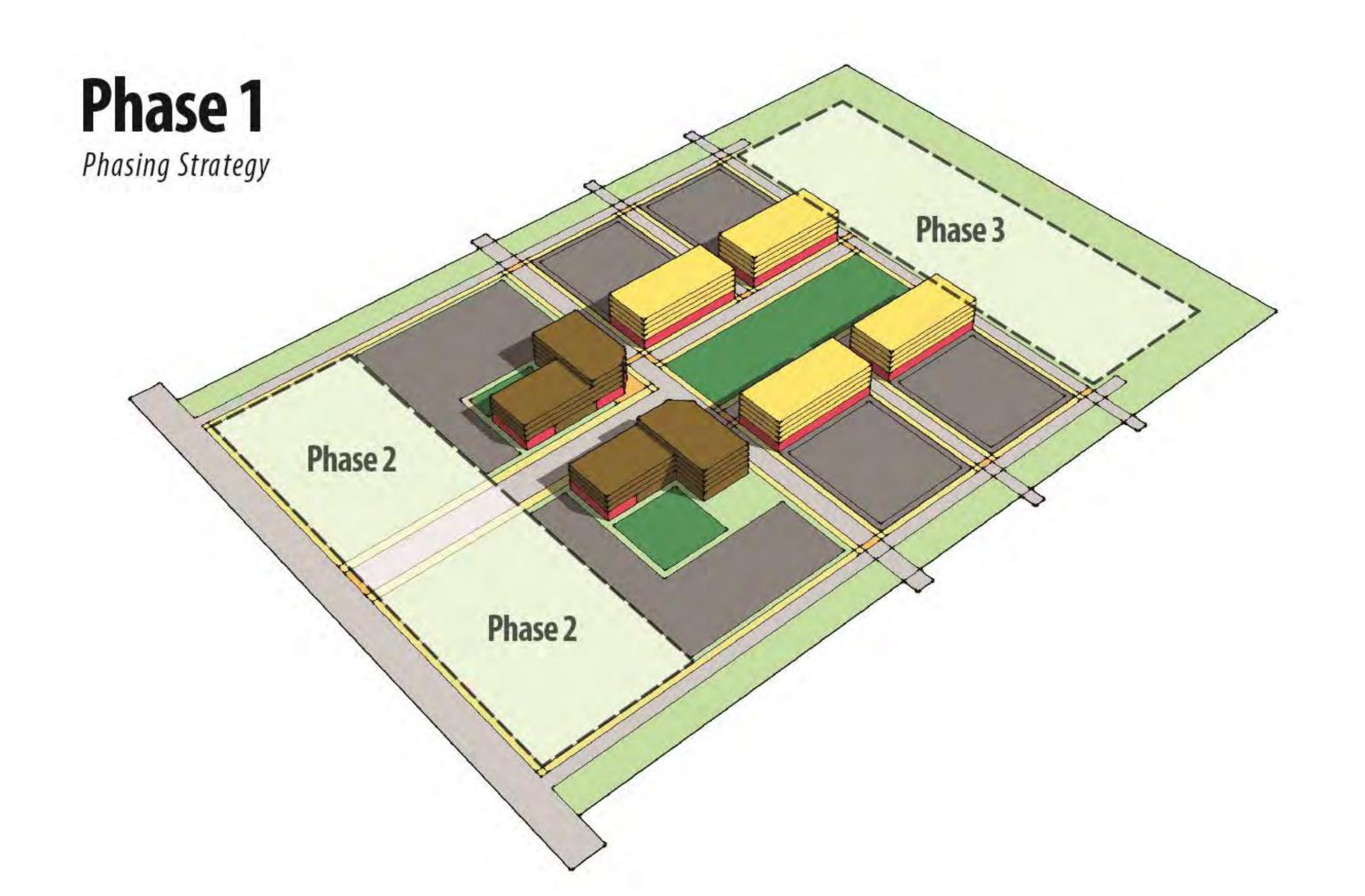
- Please note: the street cross sections have been updated since the PZB meeting
- Generally supportive of wider sidewalks and protected bike lanes

#### TC Discussion

- Do you prefer additional parking flexibility, such as allowing/requiring 45- or 60degree parking throughout?
- Besides pedestrian, biking, and driving facilities, what other features should be provided (i.e. outdoor dining)?

# POTENTIAL PHASING APPROACH









### NEXT STEPS

#### Phase 1 - Design Typology/Redevelopment Plan

#### Step 2: Design Typology Toolkit

- Jan Typology Approach Land Use; Roadway;
   Streetscape; Intersections/Crosswalks; etc
   Bubble Diagrams (Initial Sketch Plans)
   Preferred Schematic Sketch Plan
   Developer Listening Session
   Transit Providers
- Feb PZB Working Session
- Mar Town Council Working Session

#### Step 3: TOD Plan & Visualizations

- Feb Initial 3D Massing Model
- Mar Transit Providers & NCDOT (3d)
   Developer Listening Session
- Summer 3D Massing Model (3b)
   Final TOD Redevelopment Plan (3g)

#### Phase 2 - TOD Zoning District Standards

#### Step 5: Draft TOD Zoning District Standards

- May Draft TOD District Development
- Jun Draft TOD District Staff Review/Refinement
- Jul Draft TOD District PZB
- Aug Draft TOD District TCPublic Open House

#### Step 6: TOD Zoning District Adoption

- Sep Final TOD District and Public Hearing
- Oct Final TOD District Adoption
- Apr
   Phase 3: Full UDO Update kickoff

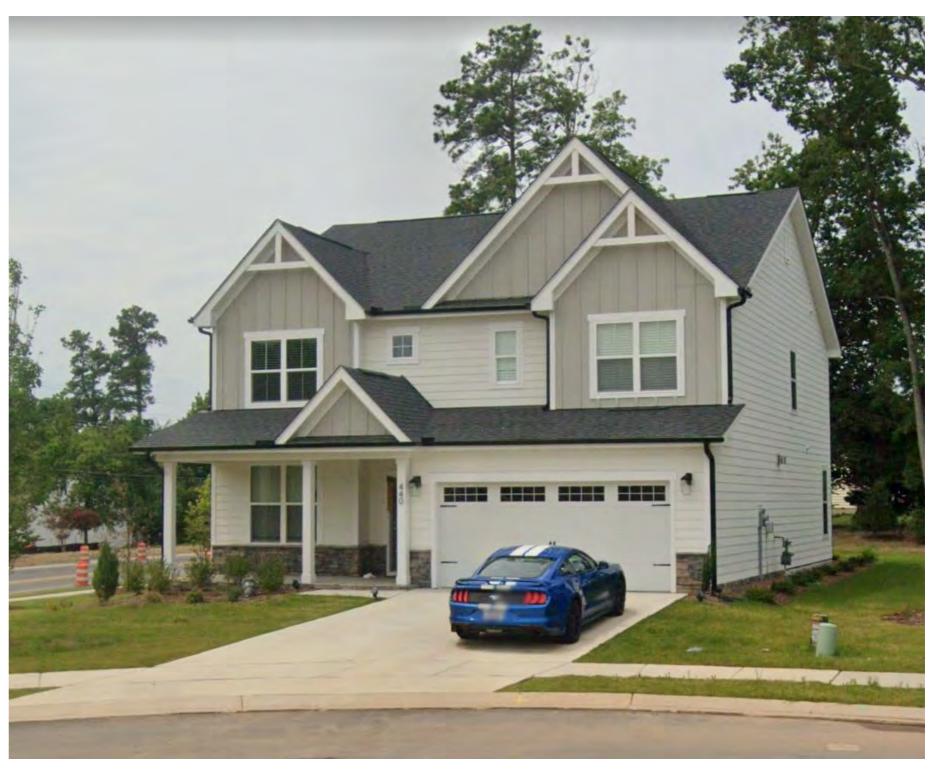
## THANK YOU!



Appendix A - Examples of Building Heights

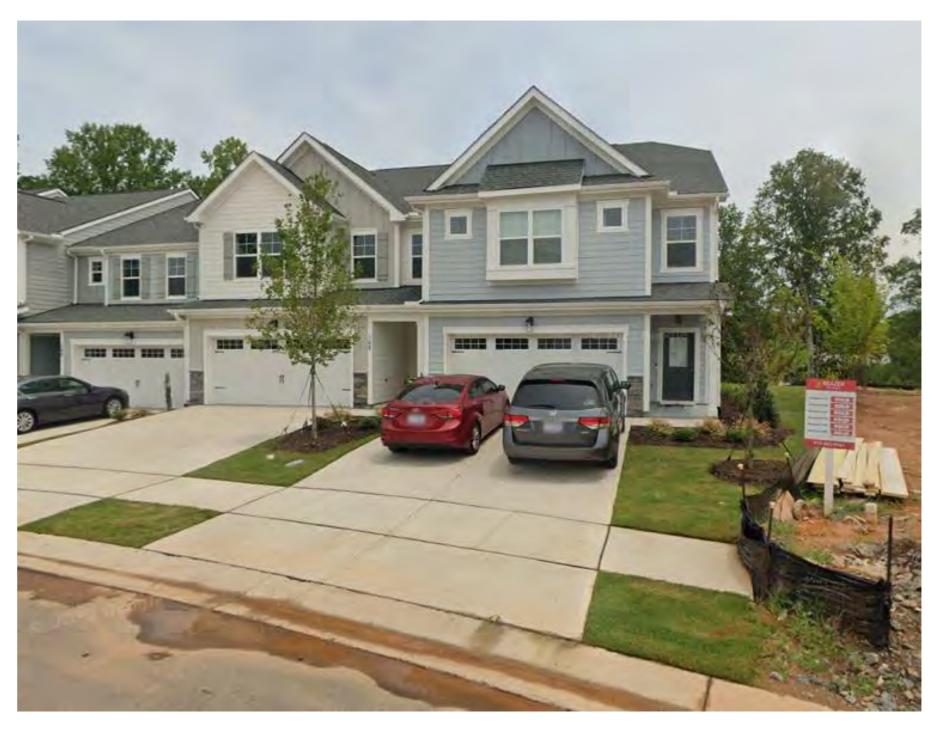
#### Single Family Detached

- 440 Carolina Street.
- 35' in height.



#### Single Family Attached

- 160 Sears Ridge Way.
- 33' in height.



#### Multifamily

- 5860 McCrimmon Parkway.
- 50' in height.
- 4 stories.



#### Office

- 3025 Carrington Mill Blvd
- 87' in height.
- 5 stories.
- 6.5 stories including the parapet wall and mechanical penthouse.



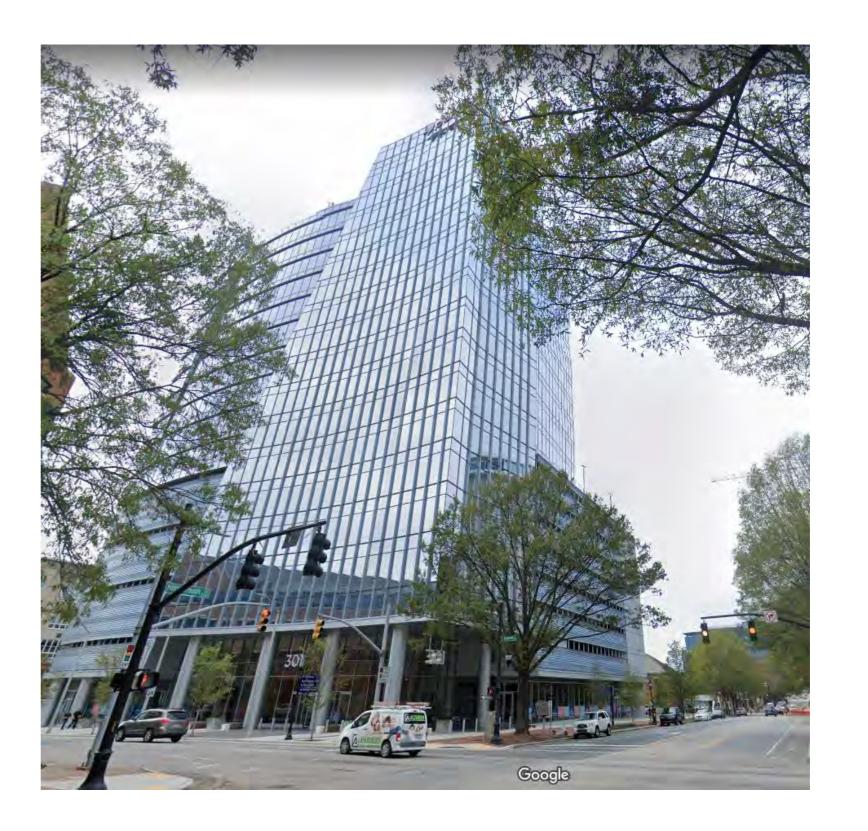
#### Office

- 411 W Chapel Hill Street, Durham.
- 14 stories.
- 199' in height.



#### Mixed-use w/Structured Parking

- 301 Hillsborough Street, Raleigh.
- Mixed-use.
  - Pendo Headquarters
- 19 stories.
- 263' in height.



#### Sports Arena

- 1400 Edwards Mill Road, Raleigh.
- 108' in height.

